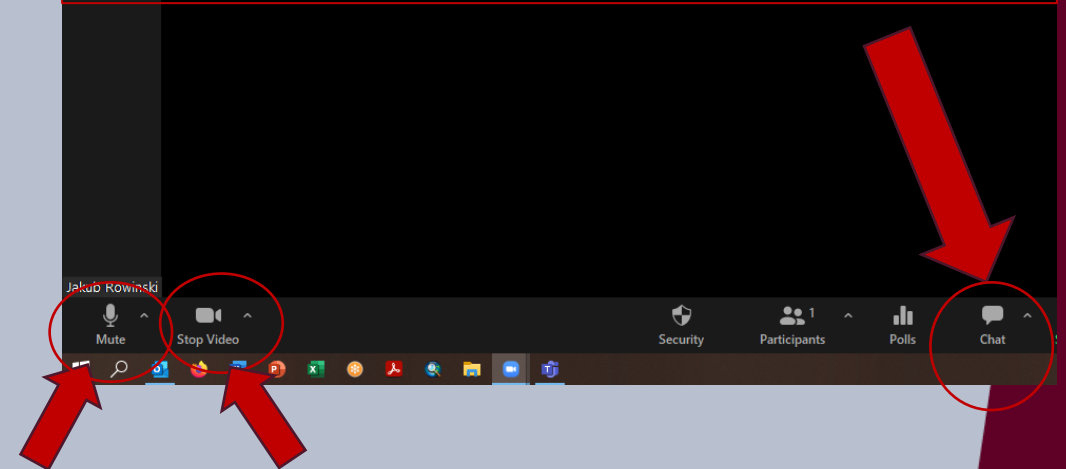


June 17 Freight Initiatives Committee Agenda

- Roll Call of Members
- Approval of Minutes
- Update on NJTPA Freight Division Activities
- Presentations: Truck Routing and Curbside Management
 - Alison Conway, Associate Professor of Civil Engineering, The City College of New York
 - Kristen Scudder, Freight Program Manager, Delaware Valley Regional Planning Commission
 - Kevin Force, Supervising Planner, Hudson County Division of Planning
- Two-Minute Reports on Freight Activities from Committee Members
- Next Meeting: Monday, August 19, 2024
- Adjournment

Please use the Chat box to ask questions during the presentations and if requesting credits, please post your name and email, followed by either AICP or PE with your NJ PE license number



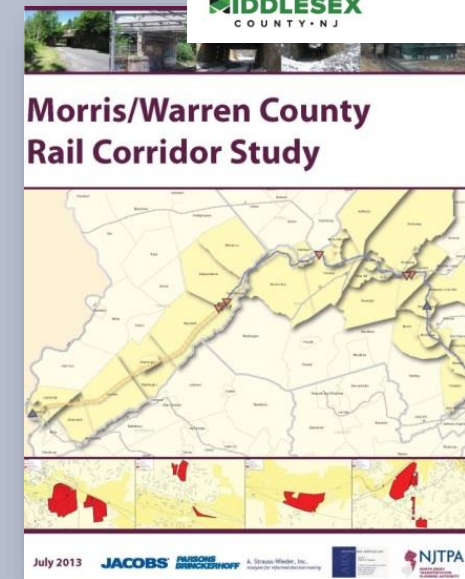
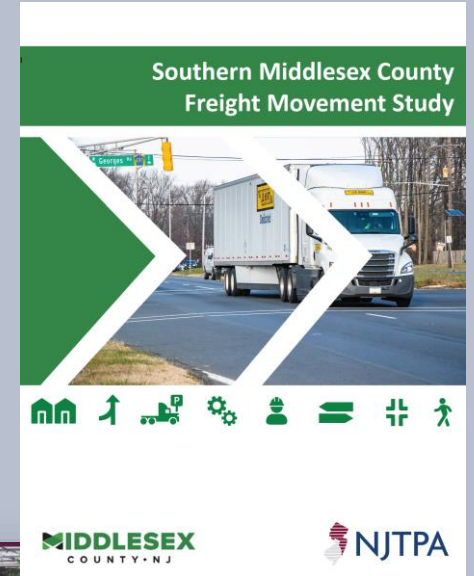
Please mute and turn off your video when not speaking.

2050 Freight Industry Level Forecasts Update

- Methodological Framework (Task 1) Completed
- Data Acquisition (Task 2) Underway
- FAF Disaggregation (Task 3) Underway
- June 2025 Completion

Freight Concept Development Program

- FY 2025 FCDP Studies
 - Southern Middlesex County North-South Truck Corridor Project in Cranbury and Monroe, Middlesex County
 - East Hanover Avenue Bridge Catenary Rail Clearance Project in Morris Plains and Morris Township, Morris County
- RFP Issued on June 12
- Proposals Due on August 7

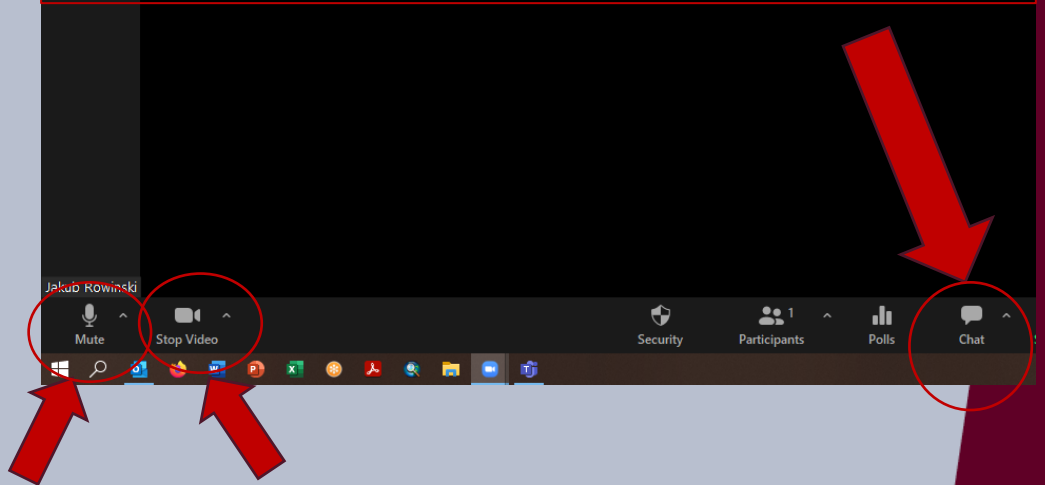


Presentations

Truck Routing and Curbside Management

- Alison Conway, Associate Professor of Civil Engineering, The City College of New York
- Kristen Scudder, Freight Program Manager, Delaware Valley Regional Planning Commission
- Kevin Force, Supervising Planner, Hudson County Division of Planning

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Please mute and turn off your video when not speaking.

Infrastructure Planning for Innovative E- Commerce Distribution



Alison Conway
Associate Professor of Civil Engineering

Grove School of Engineering

The City College
of New York

NJTPA Freight Initiatives Committee - July 24, 2024

E-Commerce Evolution

- Rapid growth in on-demand deliveries
 - Food
 - Retail goods
- Recentralization of distribution
- Emergence of combined retail-distribution models

Lessons and Takeaways from Recent Work



NYC DOT



AIANY

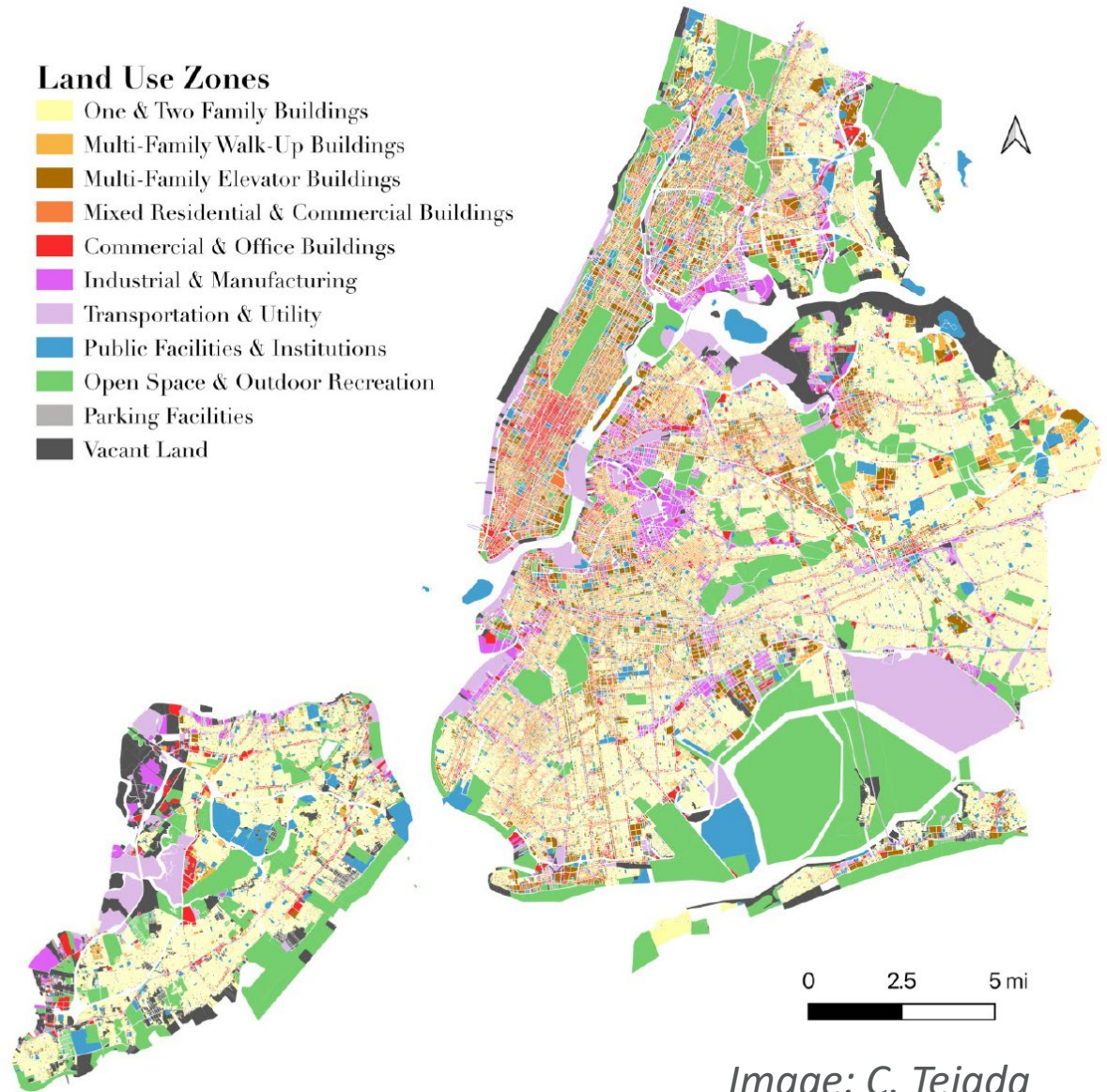
Measuring the Social Effects of Urban Logistics Facilities Development:
The Case of New York City
(C. Tejada and A. Conway)

Research Questions

- What infrastructure is needed to support urban last-mile and micro-distribution operations?
- How do/can regulations enable/influence:
 - Development?
 - Operations?
 - Community impacts?

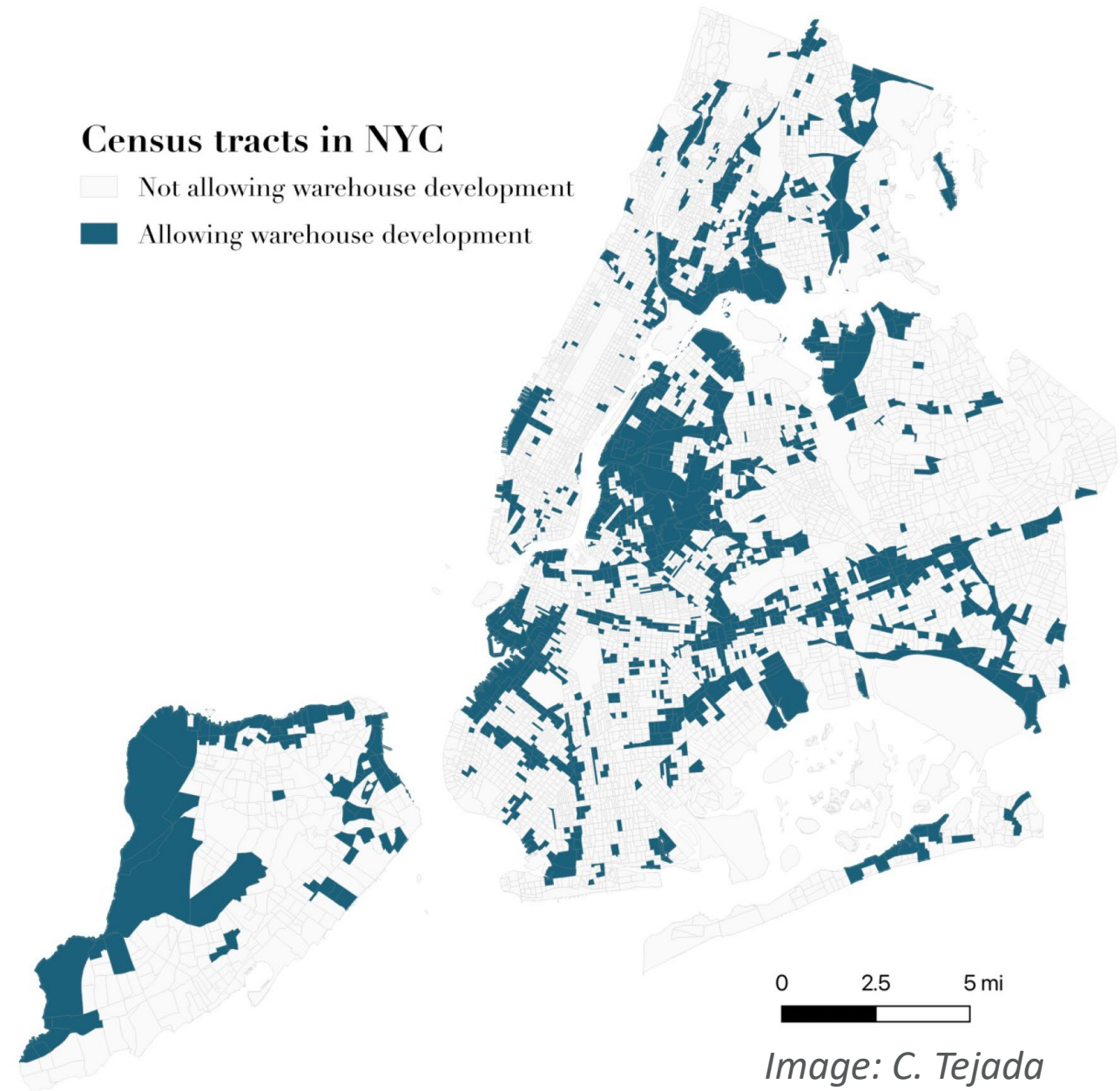
Zoning in NYC

- As-of-right zoning



Zoning in NYC

- As-of-right zoning



0 2.5 5 mi

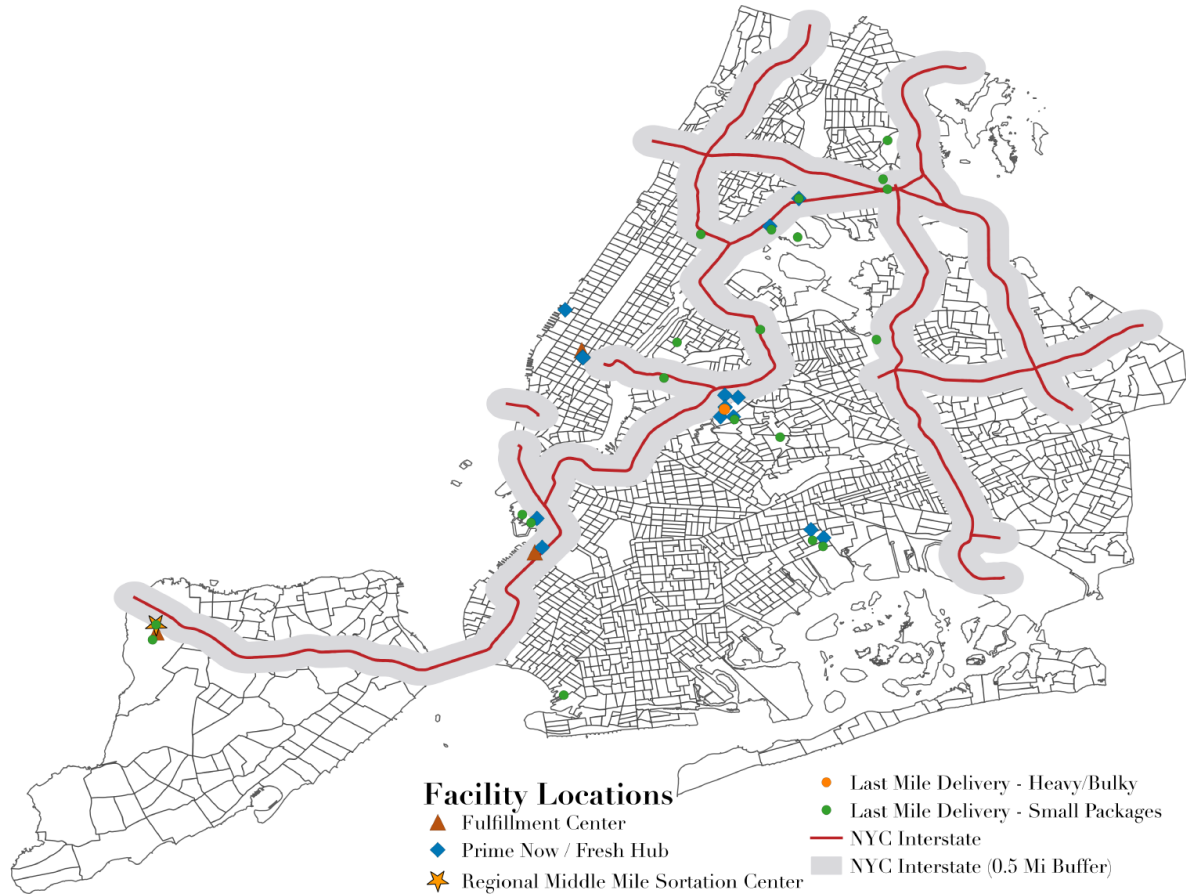
Image: C. Tejada

City of Yes

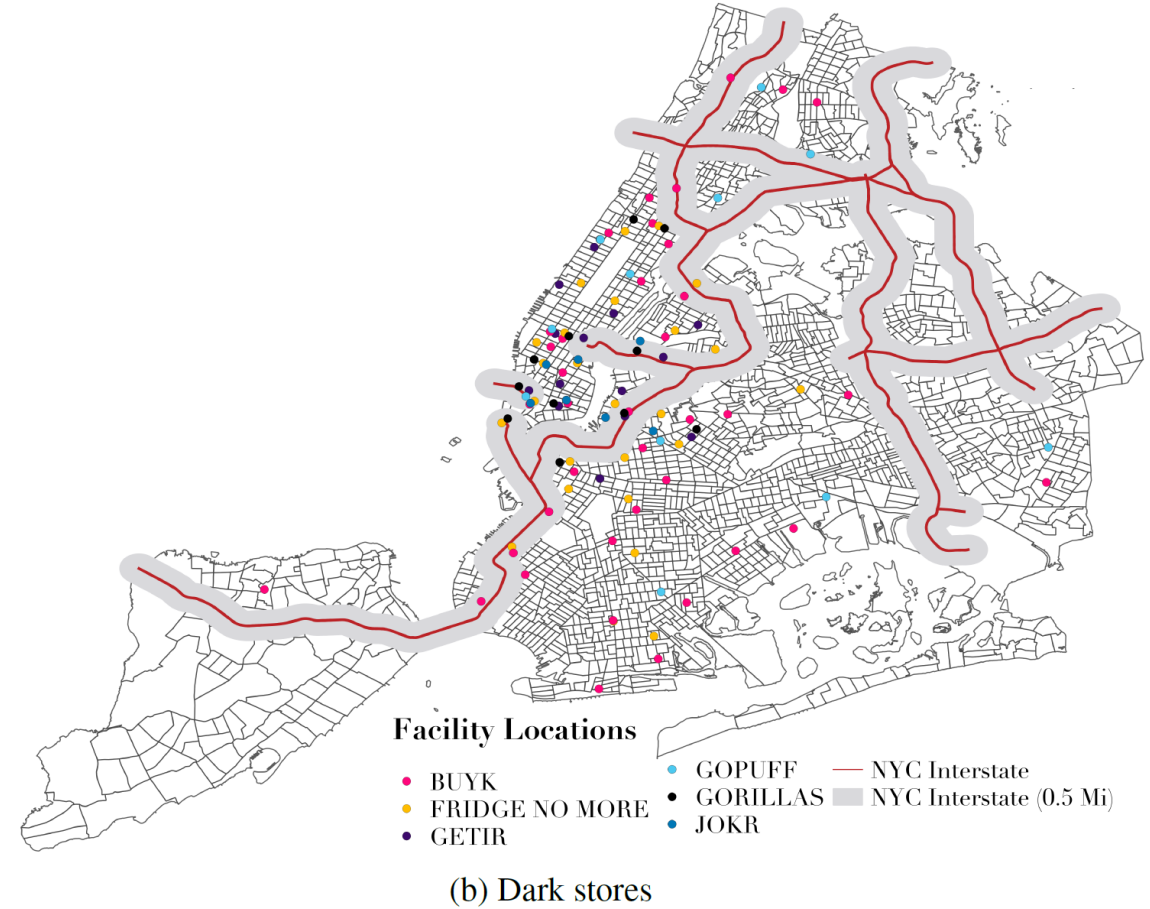
(approved by city council this week)

- Micro-distribution in commercial districts
- Flexible use of private parking garages
- Loading regulation waiver for existing buildings
- Special permit for last-mile facilities

Amazon Distribution Facilities (2021)

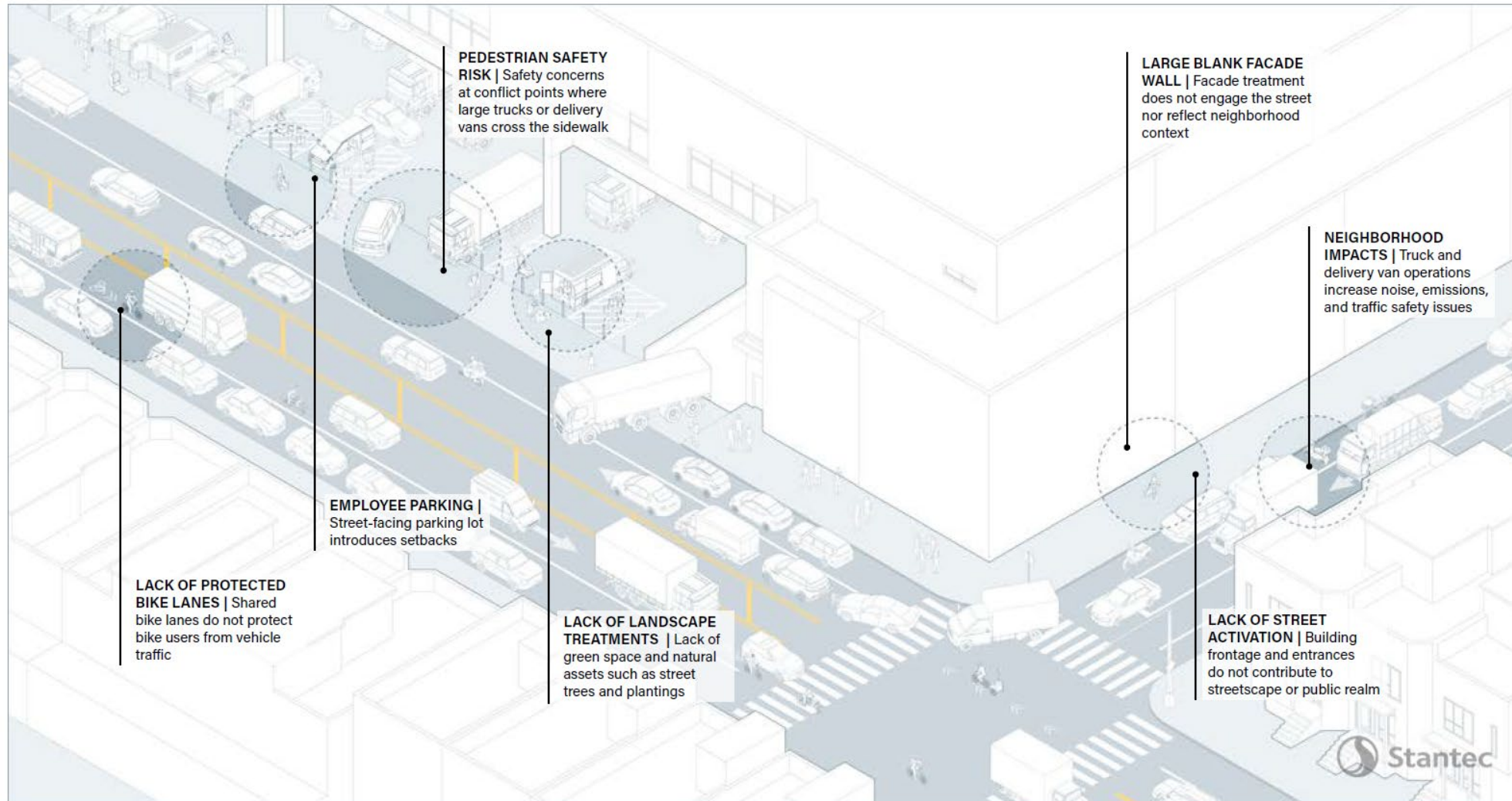


Dark Stores (2021)



Images: C. Tejada

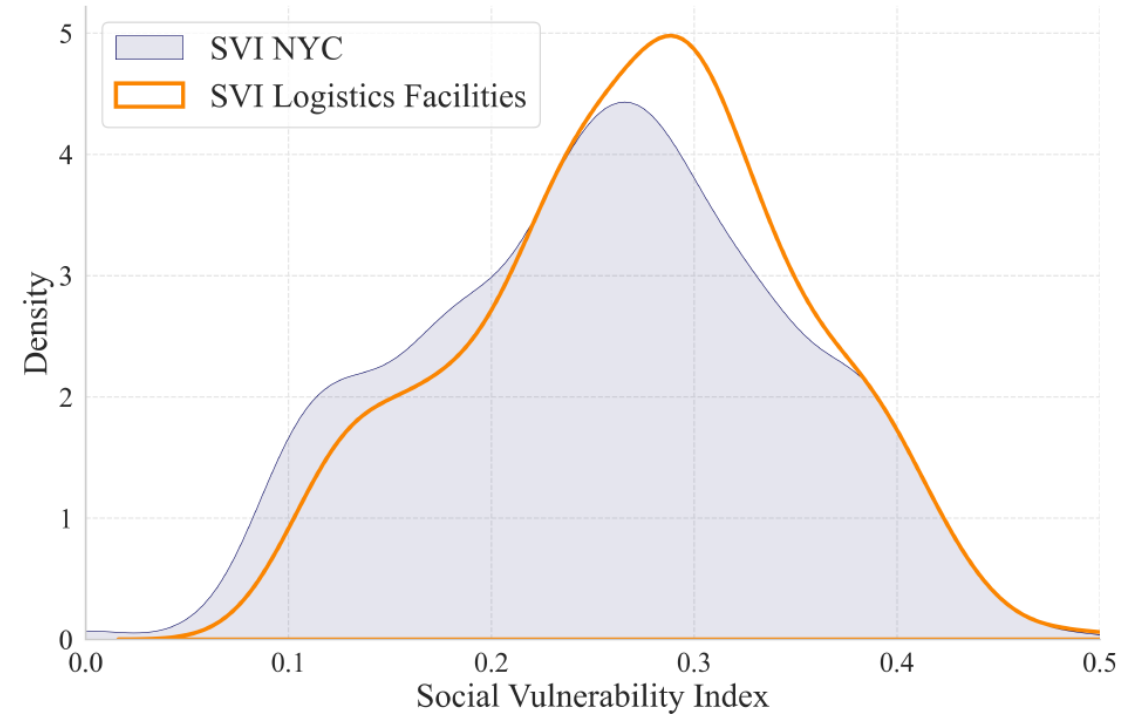
Community Concerns



AIANY (Image by Stantec)

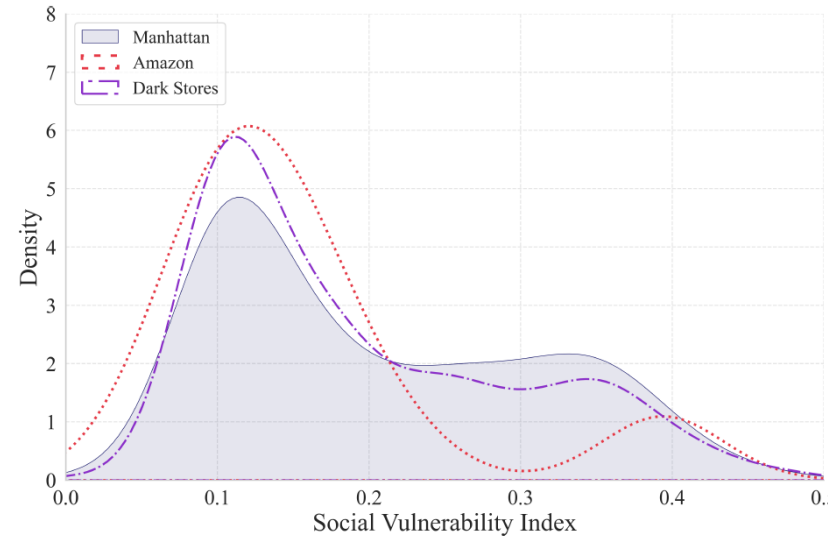
Equity of Impacts

Category	Variables
Socioeconomic Status	Poverty level No high school Unemployment No health insurance
Household Characteristics	65 years and older 17 years and younger Civilian with disability Limited English proficiency
Racial and Ethnic Minority Status	Hispanic or Latino (any race) Black or African American (not Hispanic or Latino) Asian (not Hispanic or Latino) American Indian or Alaska Native (not Hispanic or Latino) Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander (not Hispanic or Latino) Two or More Races (not Hispanic or Latino) Other Races (not Hispanic or Latino)

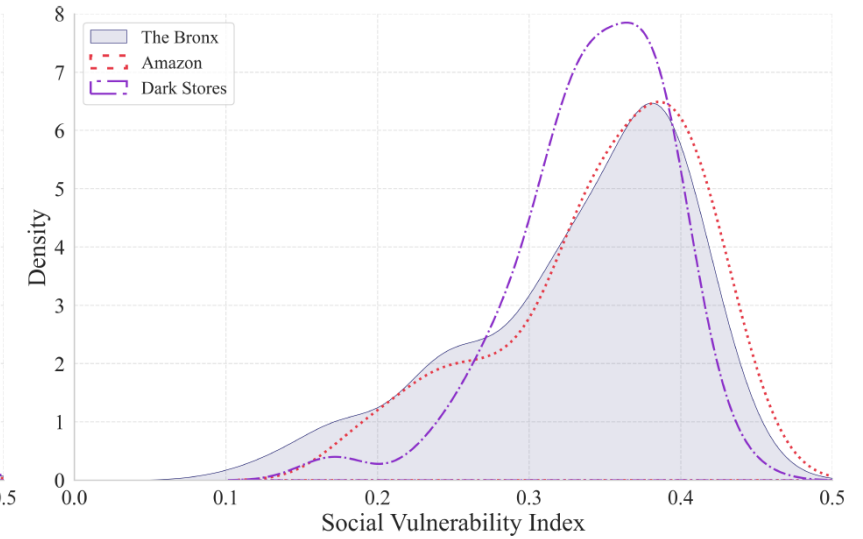


Tejada and Conway

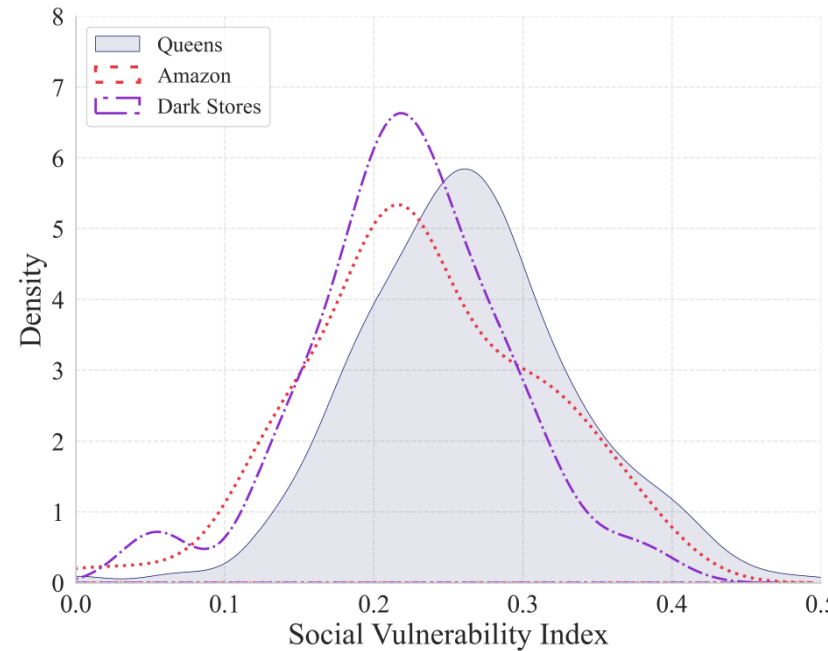
Equity of Impacts



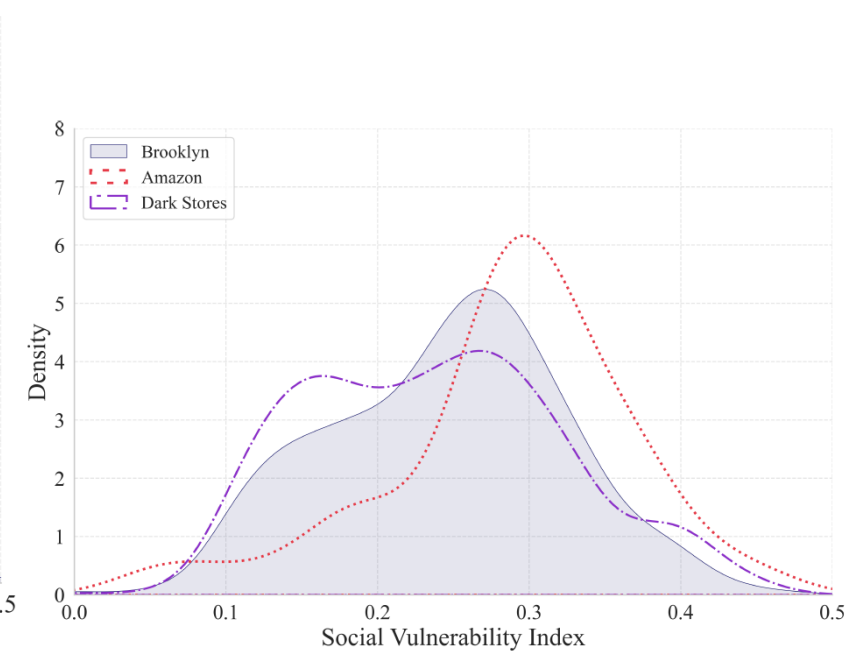
(a) Manhattan



(b) The Bronx



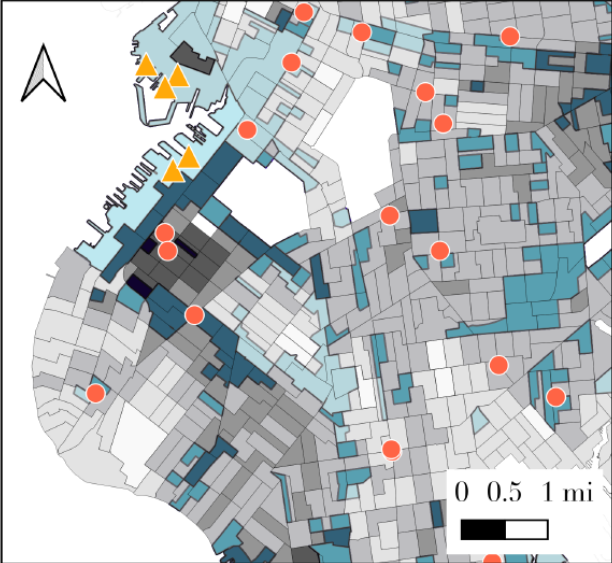
(c) Queens



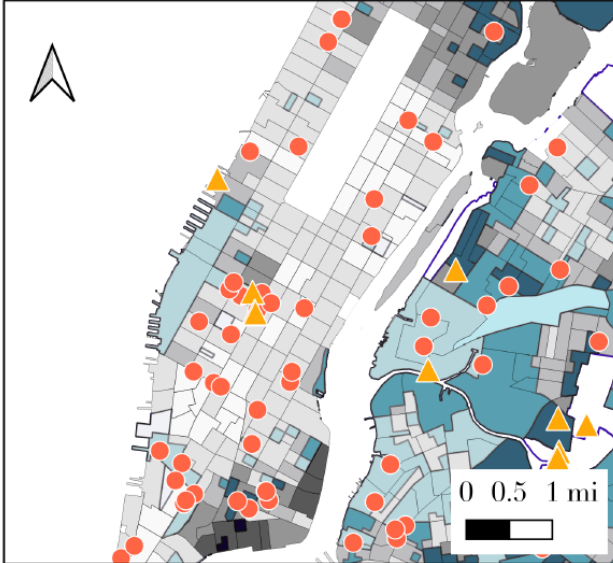
(d) Brooklyn

Images: C. Tejada

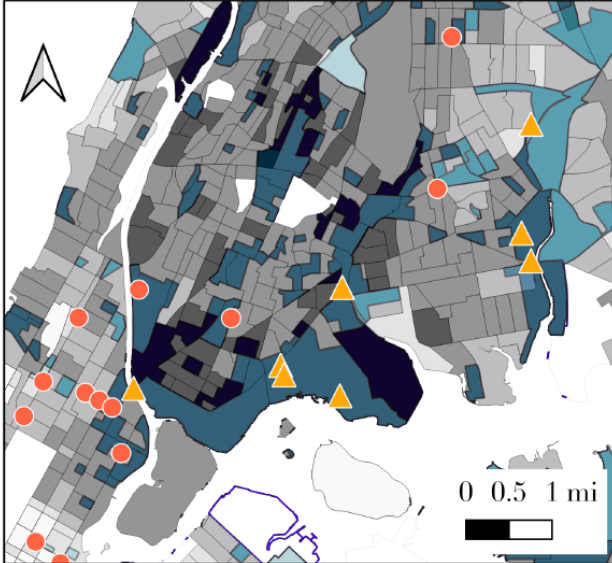
Equity of Impacts



Brooklyn
(Red Hook, Sunset Park, Bay Ridge)



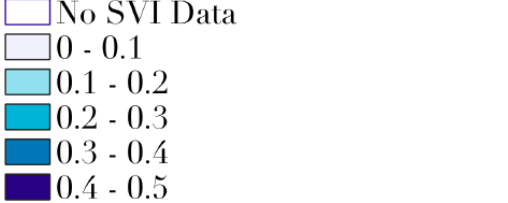
Manhattan - Queens
(Midtown, Hunters Point)



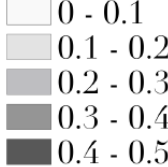
The Bronx
(South Bronx, Hunts Point)

- ▲ Amazon Facilities
- Dark Stores

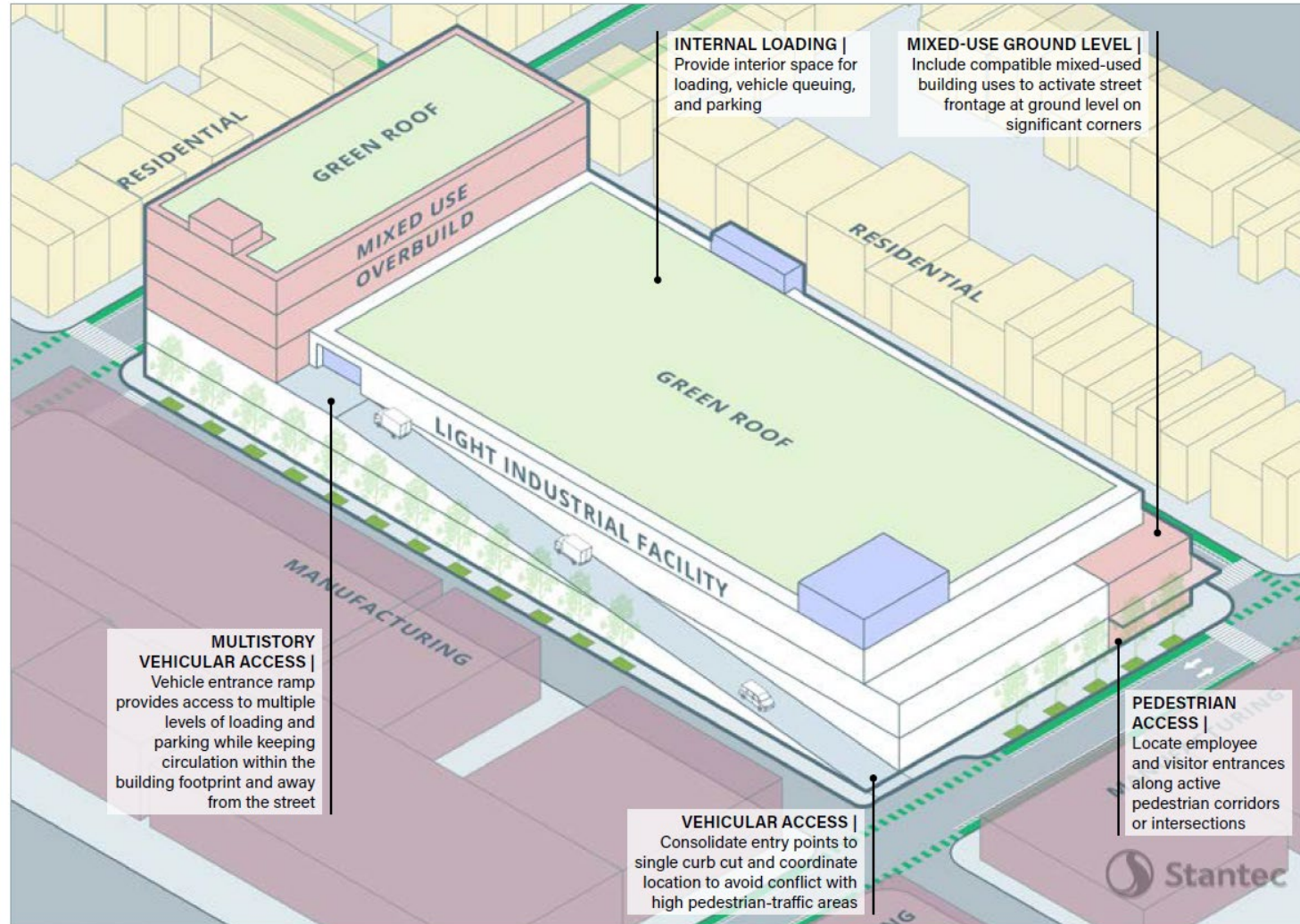
SVI in CT allowing Logistics Facilities



SVI in NYC

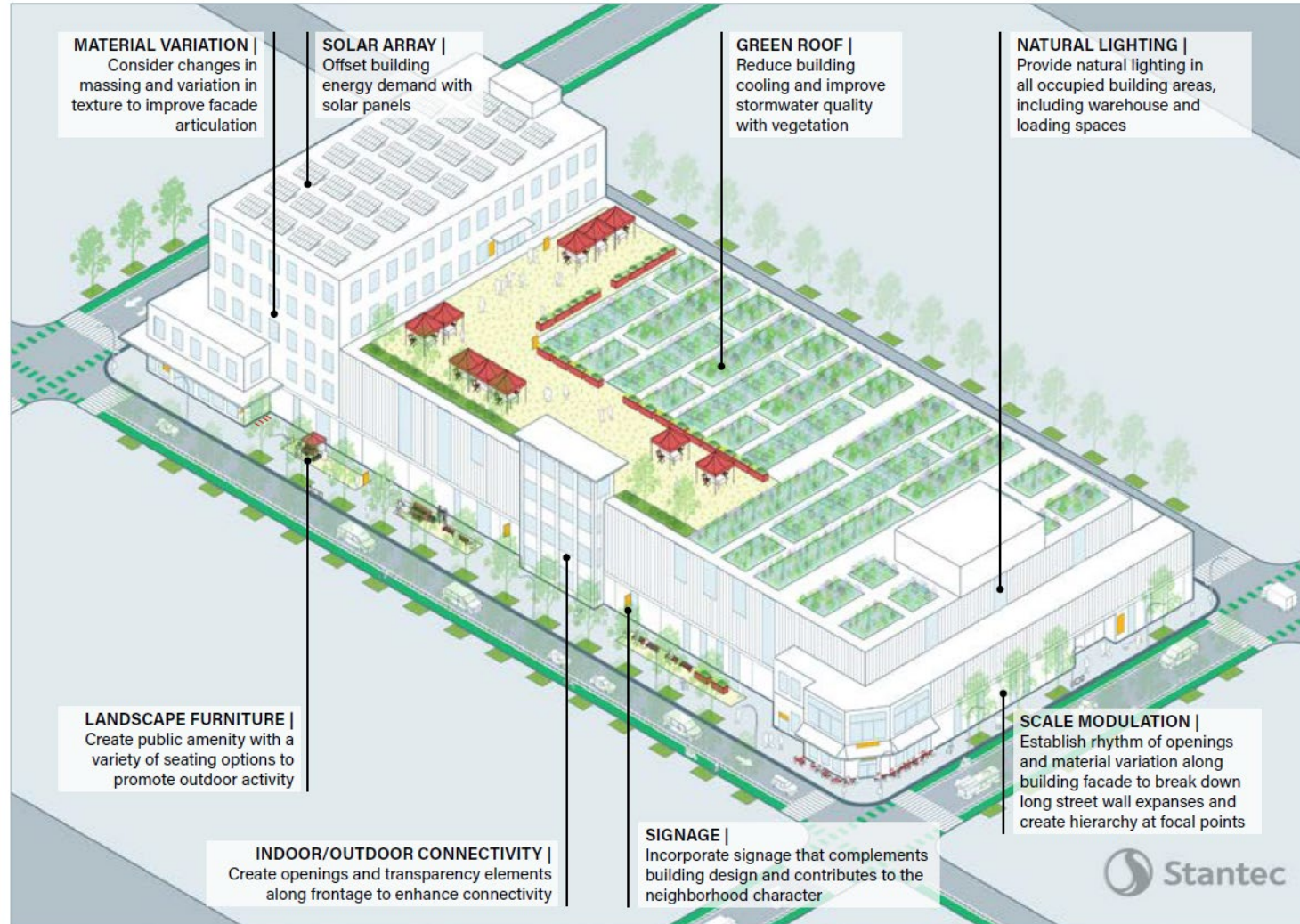


Community Friendly Building Features



AIANY (Image by Stantec)

Community Friendly Building Features



AIANY (Image by Stantec)

Micro-Distribution Modes



Image from NYC Department of Transportation (2023). Microhubs Pilot: Recommendations for distributing goods via sustainable modes of transportation. Prepared in Response to Local Law 166 (2021).

Operational Issues

- Network

- Permitted use
- Size and weight
- Safety
- Parking and loading

- Facilities

- Permitted use
- Weather protection
- Goods security
- Worker safety
- Battery charging
- Transit and bike access

Thanks! Questions?



aconway@ccny.cuny.edu

Acknowledgements

Carla Tejada

Sam Schwartz Engineering

NYC DOT

AIANY

Stantec

Freight and Complete Streets

NJTPA Freight Initiatives
Committee
June 17, 2024

Kristen Scudder
DVRPC Freight Program



DVRPC

The Delaware Valley Regional Planning Commission is the federally designated Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO) for a diverse nine-county region in two states: Bucks, Chester, Delaware, Montgomery, and Philadelphia in Pennsylvania; and Burlington, Camden, Gloucester, and Mercer in New Jersey.



Failure to incorporate freight considerations not only impacts the performance of the network for trucks but can have substantial safety and quality of life impacts for other users.



Freight and Complete Streets Guide

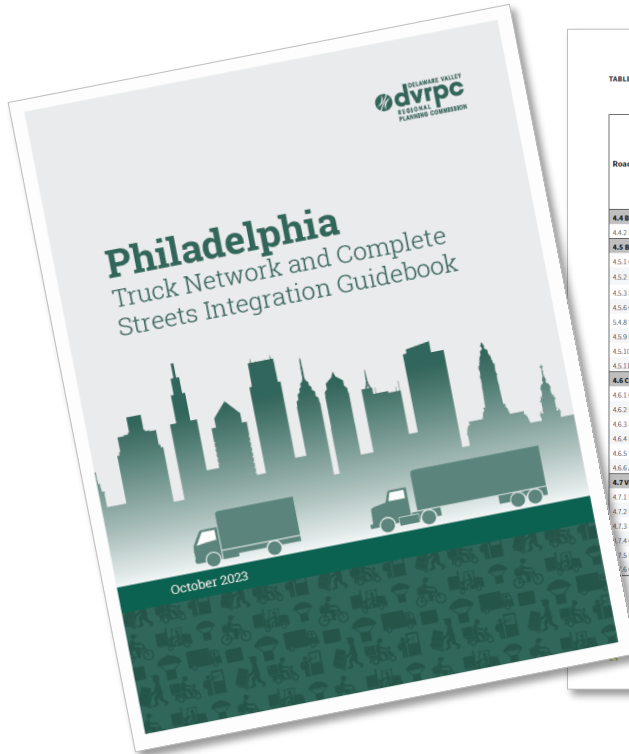


TABLE 3: DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS MATRIX

	Primary Truck Routes	Secondary Truck Routes	Last Mile Connector
Road Design Considerations	Auto-Oriented Commercial/Industrial Urban Arterial Urban Commercial Corridor City Commercial Street	Auto-Oriented Commercial/Industrial Urban Arterial Urban Commercial Corridor High Volume Pedestrian City Neighborhood Street	Auto-Oriented Commercial/Industrial Urban Arterial
4.4 Building & Furnishing			
4.4.2 Furnishing Zone Width			
4.5 Bicycle			
4.5.1 Conventional Bike Lane			
4.5.2 Left Side Bike Lane			
4.5.3 Buffered Bike Lane			
4.5.6 Cycle Track			
4.5.8 Bicycle-Friendly Street			
4.5.9 Marked Shared Lane			
4.5.10 Green Colored Pavement			
4.5.11 Bike Route Signs			
4.6 Curbside Management			
4.6.1 On-Street Parking			
4.6.2 In-Street Bicycle Parking			
4.6.3 Lay-by Lanes			
4.6.4 Loading Zones			
4.6.5 Transit Stops			
4.6.6 Alternative Uses of Parking Lanes			
4.7 Vehicle/Carway			
4.7.1 Lane Width			
4.7.2 Trained Speed Reducers			
4.7.3 Medians			
4.7.4 Chicanes			
4.7.5 Bus Lanes			
4.7.6 Chokers (new)			

■ High Priority
■ Low Priority
■ Appropriate in Limited Circumstances
 Not Recommended
■ Change from the Philadelphia Complete Streets Handbook Design Matrix

4.10.2 Alternative Median Nose

On wide streets where there are pedestrian crossings, it may be beneficial to extend the median to meet the crosswalk and provide a pedestrian refuge space. This extended median however, does not always accommodate large vehicle turning movements. Alternative median nose treatments allow for large turning vehicles to make left turns while also providing a pedestrian island for safe crossing on wide streets.

Application
Should be considered at intersections along a truck route with existing medians.
Wide intersections with significant pedestrian traffic.

Roles & Responsibilities
Streets Department installs and maintains pedestrian islands and medians.
PennDOT is involved on state routes.

Considerations

- An asymmetrical median nose is an angled geometry at the end of the median.
- Use of an asymmetrical median nose, mountable curb at the median, or painted median provides extended median turning radius for control vehicles.
- Use of an asymmetrical median nose may provide reduced space for pedestrian waiting which could be problematic in areas with high pedestrian volume.
- See Pedestrian Refuge Island (Treatment 4.9.5) for considerations about pedestrian safety.

Design

- PennDOT recommends the use of AASHTO standards. Medians must be a minimum of 6 feet wide to allow for a pedestrian refuge area.

Additional Resources
 NYSECK Complete Streets Considerations for Freight and Emergency Vehicles
 Chester County Planning Commission Roadway Design Standards
 Source: DSRPC

Alternative median nose designs can provide a refuge for pedestrians crossing the road while still allowing for adequate turning radii for control vehicles.
Source: DSRPC

Delaware Valley Regional Planning Commission

Defining a Truck Network

01

Preliminary Screening

Understand key generators and connectivity.
Preliminary network matched to existing classification system.

02

Data Evaluation

Quantify route segment activity.
Confirm route segment role/use.

03

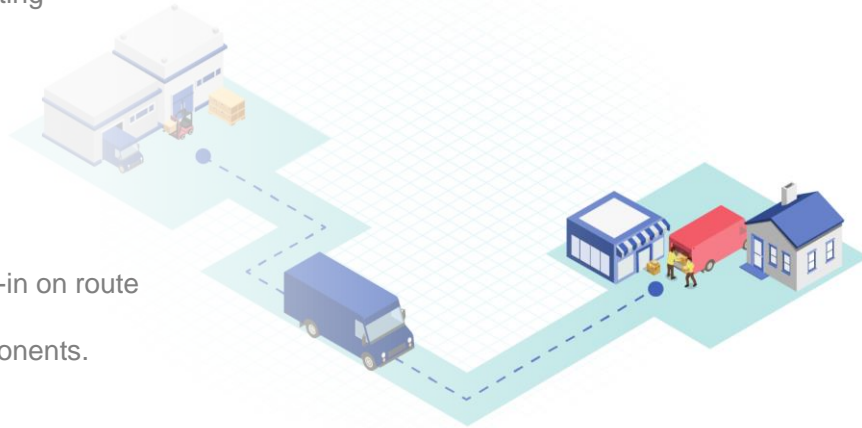
Review & Adoption

Educate the public and promote buy-in on route designation.
Formally adopt the truck route components.

04

Application

Communicate new route designation to key stakeholders.
Incorporate improvements/considerations for truck freight.



PHILADELPHIA COMPLETE STREETS DESIGN HANDBOOK: STREET TYPOLOGIES

■ High-Volume Pedestrian 

■ Civic/Ceremonial Streets 

■ Walkable Commercial Corridor 

■ Urban Arterial 

■ Auto-Oriented Commercial/Industrial 

■ Park Road 

■ Scenic Drive 

■ City Neighborhood 

■ Low-Density Residential 

■ Shared Narrow 

■ Local 

Freight Integration

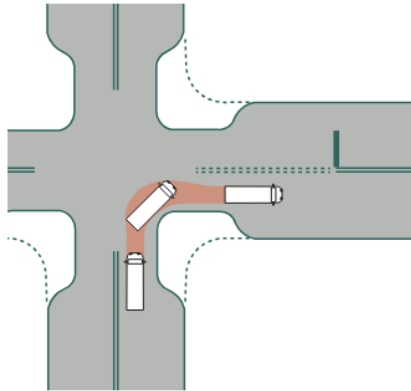
Appropriate Typology Combinations

TRUCK NETWORK CLASS	COMPLETE STREETS TYPE
LIMITED ACCESS HIGHWAY	N/A
PRIMARY TRUCK ROUTE	Auto-Oriented Commercial/Industrial Urban Arterial Walkable Commercial Corridor Civic/Ceremonial Street
SECONDARY TRUCK ROUTE	Auto-Oriented Commercial/Industrial Urban Arterial Walkable Commercial Corridor High-Volume Pedestrian City Neighborhood Street
LAST-MILE CONNECTOR	Auto-Oriented Commercial/Industrial Urban Arterial

Design and Control Vehicles

DESIGN VEHICLE

- frequent user of a given street
- dictates the minimum required turning radius
- can turn using one incoming and one receiving lane



CONTROL VEHICLE

- infrequent, larger user of a given street
- road accommodates these vehicles
- can turn using multiple lane spaces

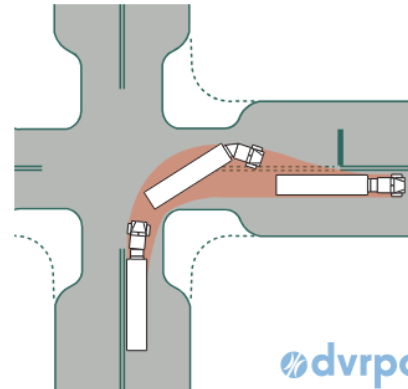


TABLE 2: PROPOSED DESIGN AND CONTROL VEHICLE RECOMMENDATIONS


FREIGHT CLASS	COMPLETE STREETS STREET TYPE	FUNCTIONAL CLASSIFICATION (DEFINED IN COMPLETE STREETS HANDBOOK)	TYPICAL LAND USE (DEFINED IN COMPLETE STREETS HANDBOOK)	DESIGN/ CONTROL VEHICLES
LIMITED ACCESS HIGHWAY	N/A			DV: WB-67
PRIMARY TRUCK ROUTE	Auto-Oriented Commercial/ Industrial	Major or Minor Arterial or Collector, others as selected	Automobile services, drive-ins, “big box” retail and shopping centers, industrial.	DV: WB-62
	Urban Arterial	Major or Minor Arterial	Commercial, mixed use, higher-density residential (R10+).	DV: WB-62
	Walkable Commercial Corridor	Major Arterial or Collector	Retail, commercial mixed use, residential, some institutional.	DV: WB-40 CV: WB-62
	Civic/ Ceremonial Street	Major Arterial	High density, governmental, cultural, institutional, and retail.	DV: WB-40 CV: WB-62
SECONDARY TRUCK ROUTE	Auto-Oriented Commercial/ Industrial	Major or Minor Arterial or Collector, others as selected	Automobile services, drive-ins, “big box” retail and shopping centers, industrial.	DV: WB-62
	Urban Arterial	Major or Minor Arterial	Commercial, mixed use, higher-density residential (R10+).	DV: WB-50 CV: WB-62
	Walkable Commercial Corridor	Major Arterial or Collector	Retail, commercial mixed use, residential, some institutional.	DV: WB-40 CV: WB-62
	High-Volume Pedestrian	Major and Minor Arterial	Commercial, mixed use, higher-density residential (R10+)	DV: WB-40 CV: WB-50
	City Neighborhood Street	Minor Arterial or Collector	Commercial, mixed use, higher density residential (R10+).	DV: WB-40 CV: WB-50
LAST MILE CONNECTOR	Auto-Oriented Commercial/ Industrial	Major or Minor Arterial or Collector, others as selected	Automobile services, drive-ins, “big box” retail and shopping centers, industrial.	DV: WB-62 / WB-67
	Urban Arterial	Major or Minor Arterial	Commercial, mixed use, higher-density residential (R10+).	DV: WB-62 / WB-67

Source: DVRPC

Design Considerations Integration

TABLE 3: DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS MATRIX

Road Design Considerations	Primary Truck Routes					Secondary Truck Routes					Last Mile Connector	
	Auto-Oriented Commercial/Industrial	Urban Arterial	Walkable Commercial Corridor	Civic/ Ceremonial Street		Auto-Oriented Commercial/Industrial	Urban Arterial	Walkable Commercial Corridor	High-Volume Pedestrian	City Neighborhood Street	Auto-Oriented Commercial/Industrial	Urban Arterial
4.5 Bicycle												
4.5.1 Conventional Bike Lane	-	-	-	-		■	■	■	■	■	-	-
4.5.2 Left-Side Bike Lane												
4.5.3 Buffered Bike Lane	■	■	■	■		■	■	■	■	■	■	■
4.5.6 Cycle Track	■	■	■	■		■	■	■	■	■	■	■
5.4.8 Bicycle Friendly Street	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4.5.9 Marked Shared Lane	-	-	-	-		-	-	■	■	■	-	-
4.5.10 Green Colored Pavement	■	■	■	■		■	■	■	■	■	■	■
4.5.11 Bike Route Signs	■	■	■	■		■	■	■	■	■	■	■

- High Priority
- Low Priority
- Appropriate in Limited Circumstances
- Not Recommended
- Change from the Philadelphia Complete Streets Handbook Design Matrix

Design Considerations Integration

TABLE 3: DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS MATRIX

	Primary Truck Routes					Secondary Truck Routes					Last Mile Connector	
Road Design Considerations	Auto-Oriented Commercial/Industrial	Urban Arterial	Walkable Commercial Corridor	Civic/ Ceremonial Street		Auto-Oriented Commercial/Industrial	Urban Arterial	Walkable Commercial Corridor	High-Volume Pedestrian	City Neighborhood Street	Auto-Oriented Commercial/Industrial	Urban Arterial
4.10 Truck Turning Movement (New)												
4.10.1 Parking Restrictions at Intersections	Low Priority	Low Priority	High Priority	Low Priority		Low Priority	Low Priority	High Priority	High Priority	High Priority	Low Priority	Low Priority
4.10.2 Alternative Median Nose	Low Priority	Low Priority	High Priority	High Priority		Low Priority	Low Priority	High Priority	High Priority	High Priority	Appropriate in Limited Circumstances	Appropriate in Limited Circumstances
4.10.3 Recessed Stop Lines	Appropriate in Limited Circumstances	Appropriate in Limited Circumstances	Appropriate in Limited Circumstances	Appropriate in Limited Circumstances		Appropriate in Limited Circumstances	Appropriate in Limited Circumstances	Low Priority	Low Priority	High Priority	Appropriate in Limited Circumstances	Appropriate in Limited Circumstances
4.10.4 Mountable Curbs	-	-	Appropriate in Limited Circumstances	Appropriate in Limited Circumstances		-	-	High Priority	High Priority	High Priority	Appropriate in Limited Circumstances	Appropriate in Limited Circumstances
4.10.5 Delineated Conflict Areas	High Priority	High Priority	High Priority	High Priority		High Priority	High Priority	Low Priority	Low Priority	Low Priority	Low Priority	Low Priority

- High Priority
- Low Priority
- Appropriate in Limited Circumstances
- Not Recommended

Change from the Philadelphia Complete Streets Handbook Design Matrix

4.6.4 Loading Zones

Application:

- Appropriate on many street types provided that desired operating speeds are 35 mph or lower.
- Generally not appropriate on Lower Density Residential Streets (3.9), Park Roads (3.6), Scenic Drives (3.7), Shared Narrow Streets (3.10) or Local Streets (3.11) in residential neighborhoods.

“Loading zones should be located, designed, and enforced to limit interference with pedestrian and bicycle traffic.”

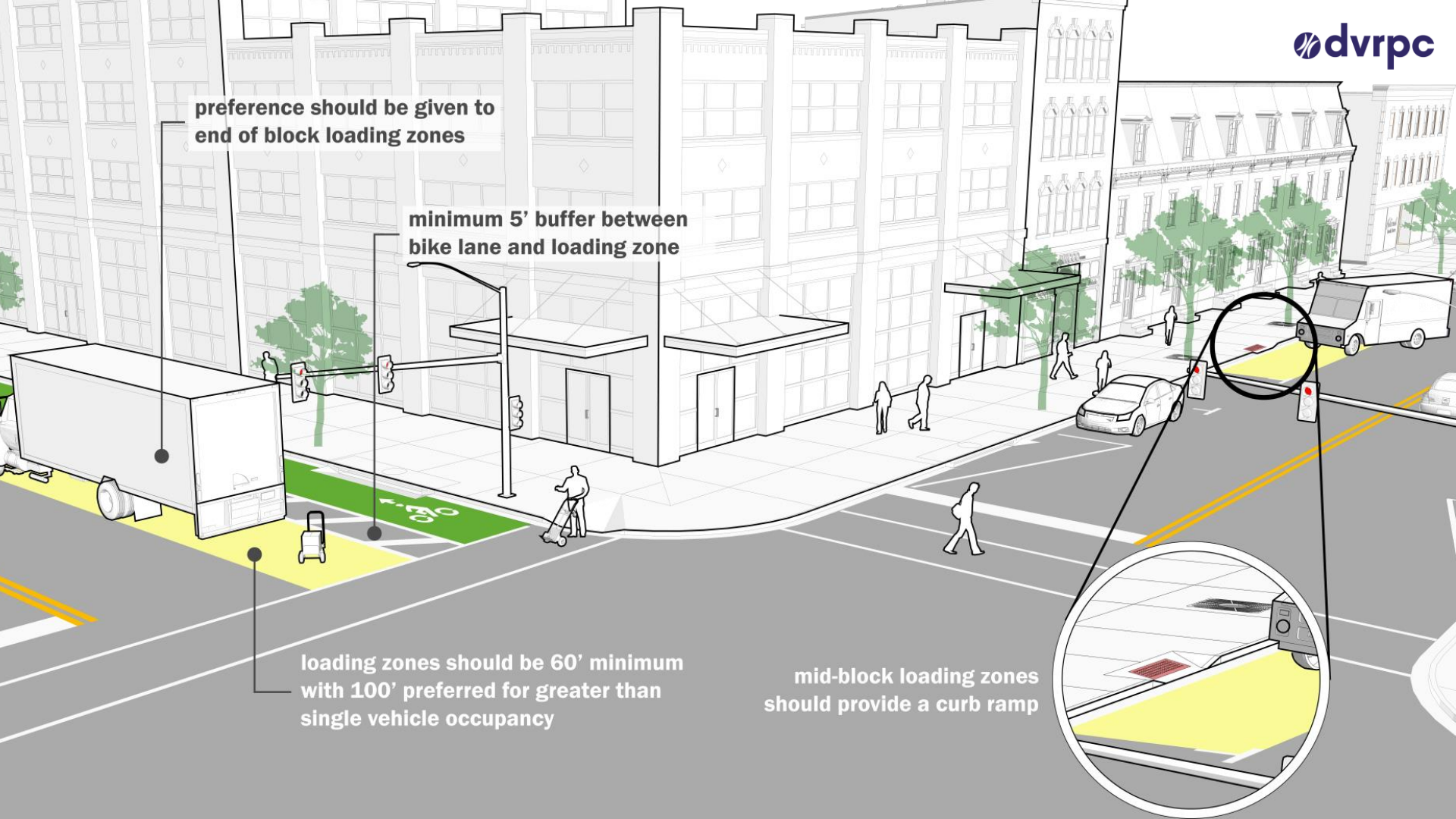
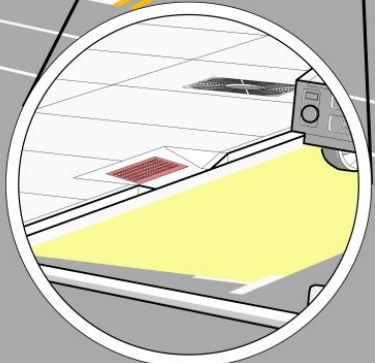
“... wide trucks may intrude into adjacent sidewalks, bike facilities, or travel lanes when loading/unloading.”

preference should be given to end of block loading zones

minimum 5' buffer between bike lane and loading zone

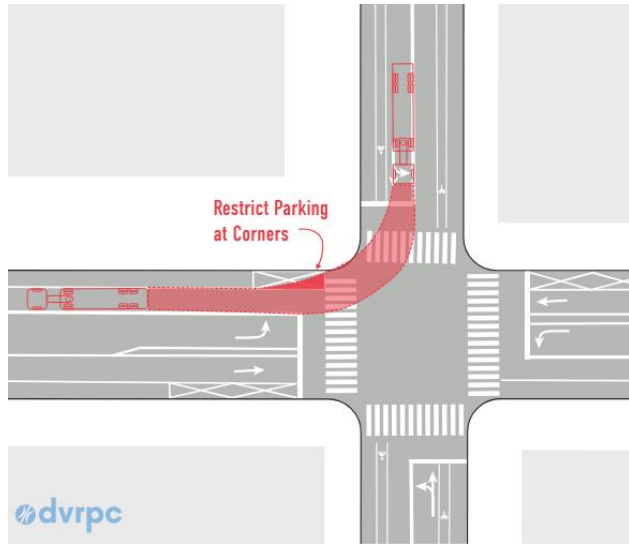
loading zones should be 60' minimum with 100' preferred for greater than single vehicle occupancy

mid-block loading zones should provide a curb ramp

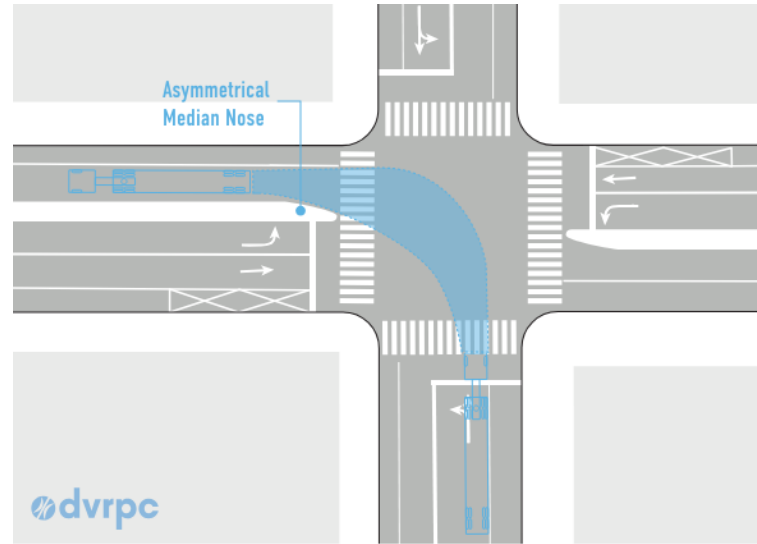


Truck Turning Movements

4.10.1 Parking Restrictions at Intersections

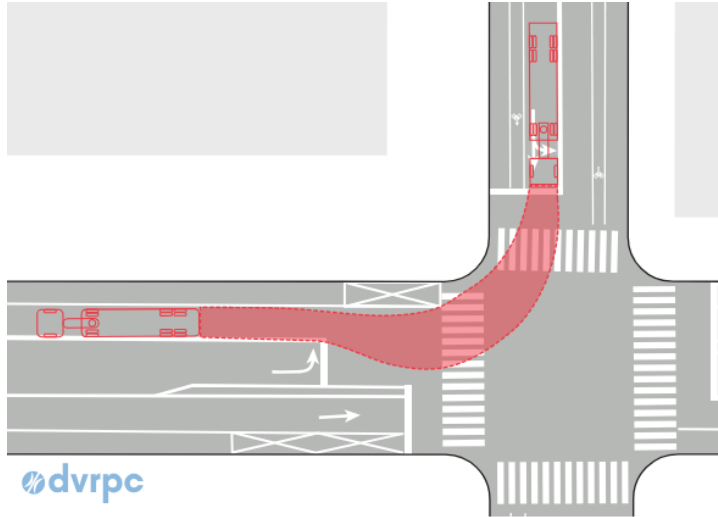


4.10.1 Alternative Median Nose

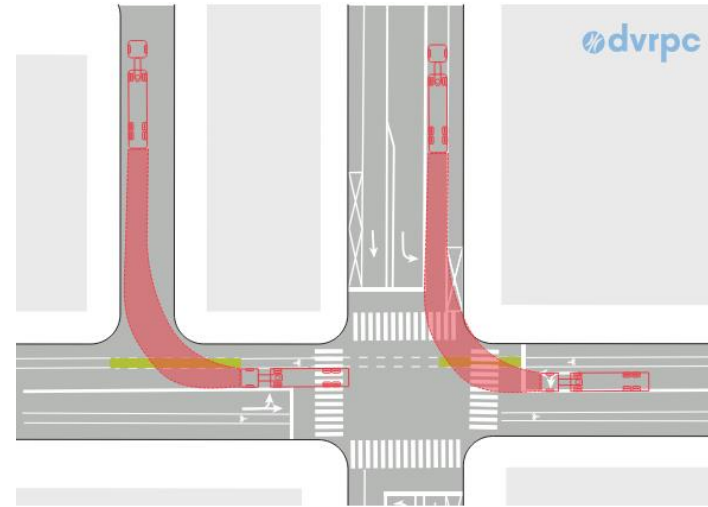


Truck Turning Movements

4.10.1 Recessed Stop Lines

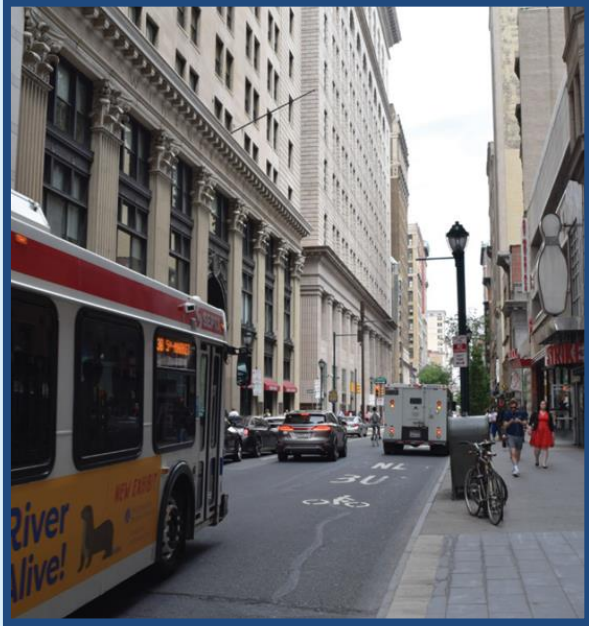


4.10.1 Delineated Conflict Zones



Next Steps

- Philadelphia Industrial Market and Land Use Strategy Study and Report- Street typology diagrams
- Implementation on projects and in processes
- Transferable design recommendations to other counties and street types



THANK YOU

Kristen Scudder
Freight Program Manager
Delaware Valley Regional Planning Commission
kscudder@dvrpc.org

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HUDSON COUNTY TRUCK ROUTES ASSESSMENT

**North Jersey Transportation Planning
Authority**

Freight Initiatives Committee Meeting

June 17, 2024



Purpose & Need

Enhance the efficient movement of trucks through Hudson County and support the trucking industry through infrastructure improvements and policy recommendations, while reducing negative impacts to traffic, safety, and our communities.



Need

- Congestion
- Emission/noise levels
- Crashes
- Pavement/bridge wear
- Roadway design/geometries
- Community impacts



Goals

- Develop policy, regulatory, and infrastructure recommendations to:
- Improve truck flow
 - Reduce negative community impacts

Data Assessment

Mobility and Efficiency



Data:

- Truck origin-destination
- Truck route data
- Local delivery demand
- Curb management strategies

Road Conditions



- Pavement conditions
- Bridge conditions
- Maintenance schedules

Safety



- All crashes and individual truck crash locations
- Travel patterns and speed

Data Assessment

Community Impacts



Data:

- Vulnerable populations
- Emissions
- Noise

Economic Activity and Value



- Freight activity
- Economics
- Trucking facilities & business districts

Requires Stakeholder Input



Literature review and case studies

- Preferred network and industry needs
- Deliveries and curb management
- Technology and best practices

Public Engagement Plan



What/Why

- Provide education/share info about freight trucking and its role in Hudson County
- Identify best practices and challenges faced by the trucking industry
- Understand effects/impacts on residents and businesses
- Facilitate an inclusive dialogue

How

- Branding
- Social media
- TAC meetings
- Freight Forums
- Public meetings
- Newsletter
- Survey
- Website

hcnj.us/trucking-study



Virtual Freight Forums

September 21: Policy & Economy Forum

September 27: Local Deliveries

September 27: Warehousing & Distribution

Key Issues

- Infrastructure and geometry (upgraded signage, striping, signals, adding capacity and breakdown lanes)
- Parking access (both municipal parking and loading zones)
- New technologies of interest, but cost prohibitive

Virtual Public Information Meetings

November 3, 2022, March 8, 2023

Key Issues

- Large delivery trucks using local streets as cut-throughs
- Trucks are in restricted areas, enforcement is critical
- Disconnect in “no truck” signage vs. actual restricted areas
- Trucks are double parking, crosswalks and bike lanes are blocked, loading zones are needed






Data Analysis, Findings, Recommendations

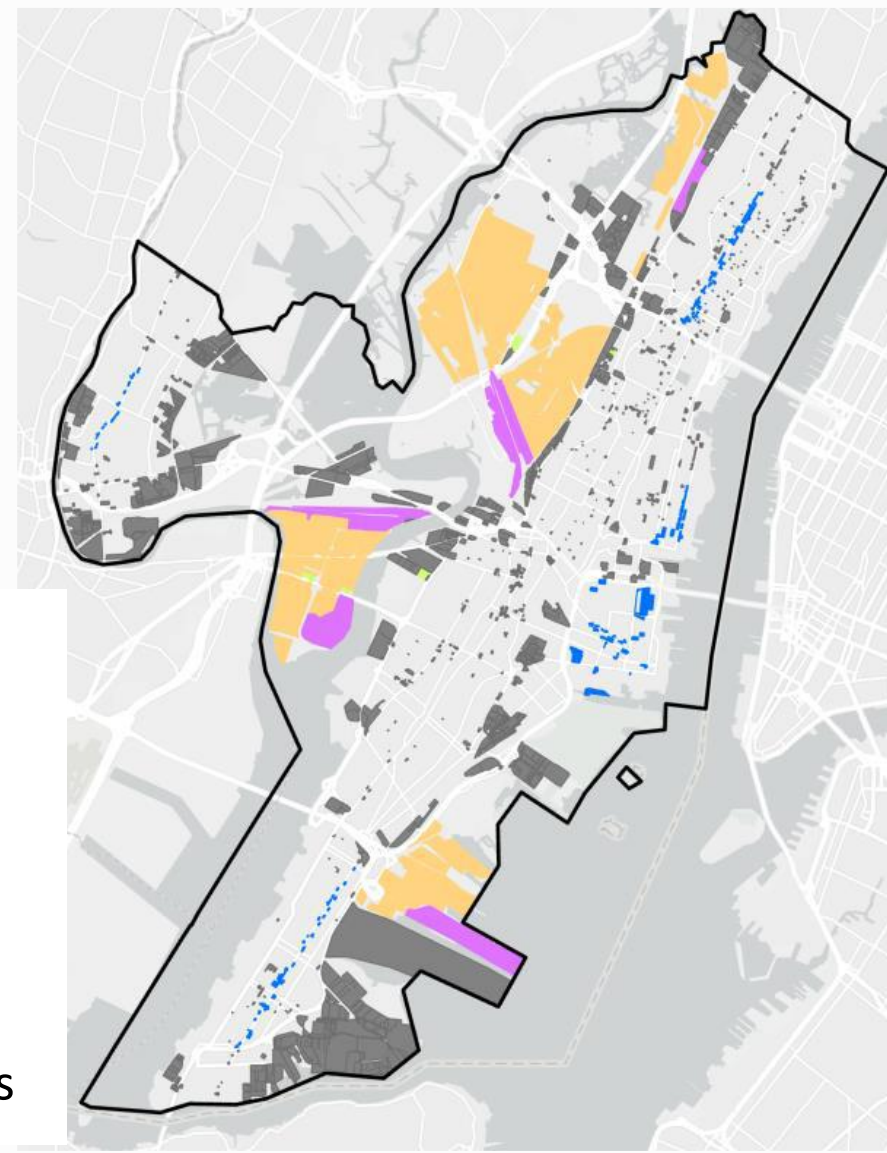


Truck Trip Generators

- Study region: All 2020 Census tracts in Hudson County
- Key trip generators and areas of interest
 - ✓ Intermodal facilities
 - ✓ Industrial districts
 - ✓ Warehousing areas
 - ✓ Commercial districts

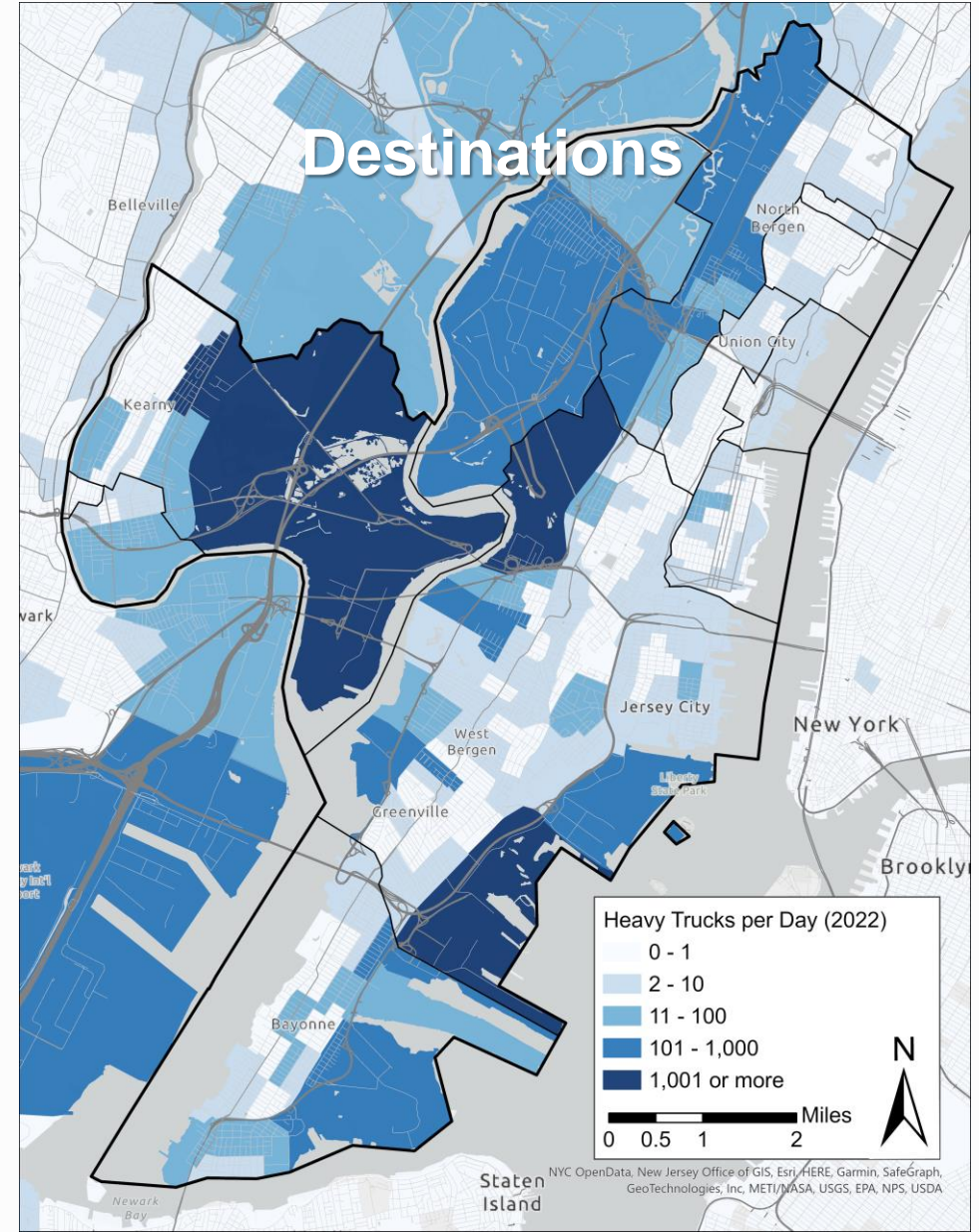
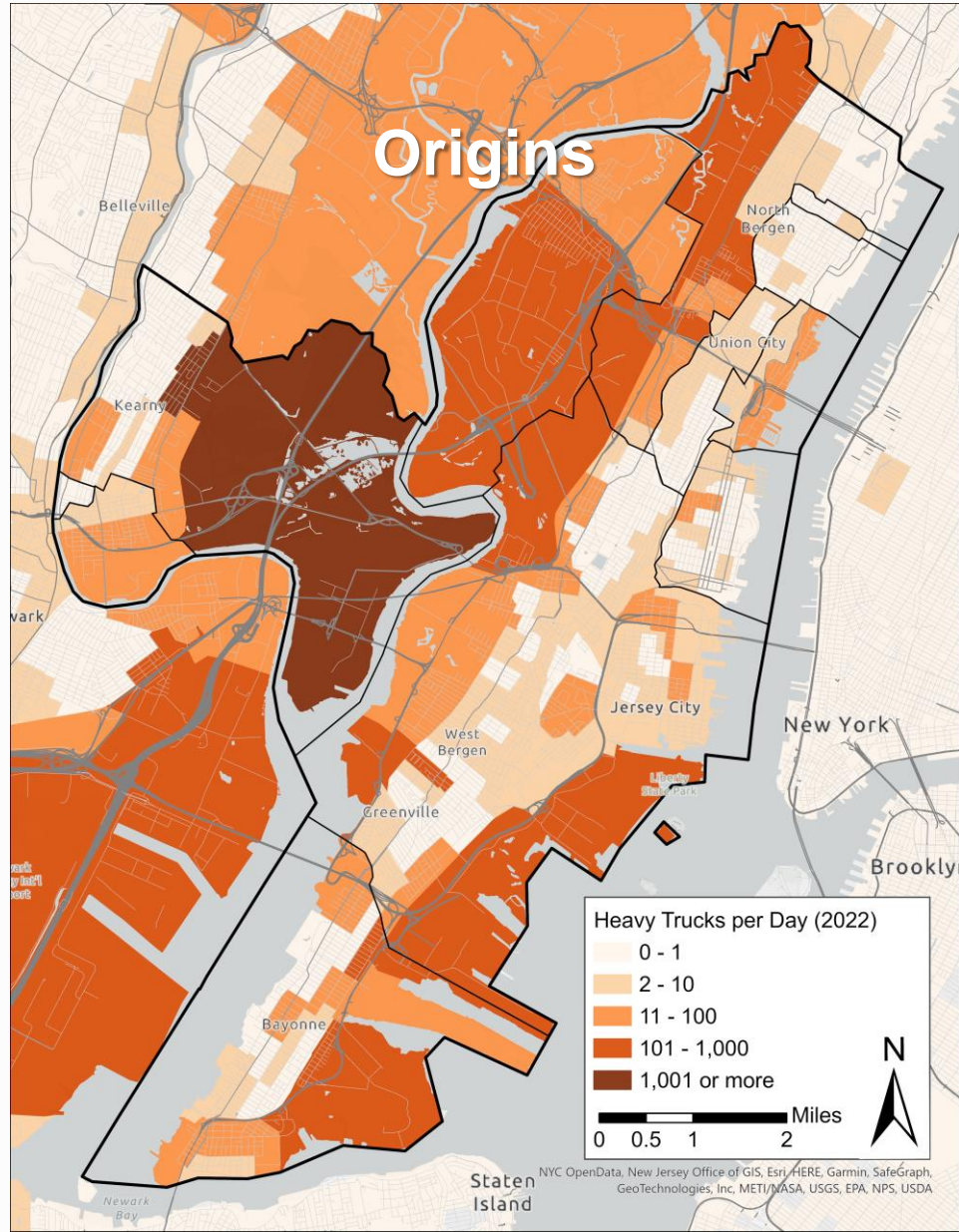
Parcel Types Studied

-  Freight Cluster
-  Intermodal
-  Truck Parking
-  Commercial District
-  Other Freight Facilities



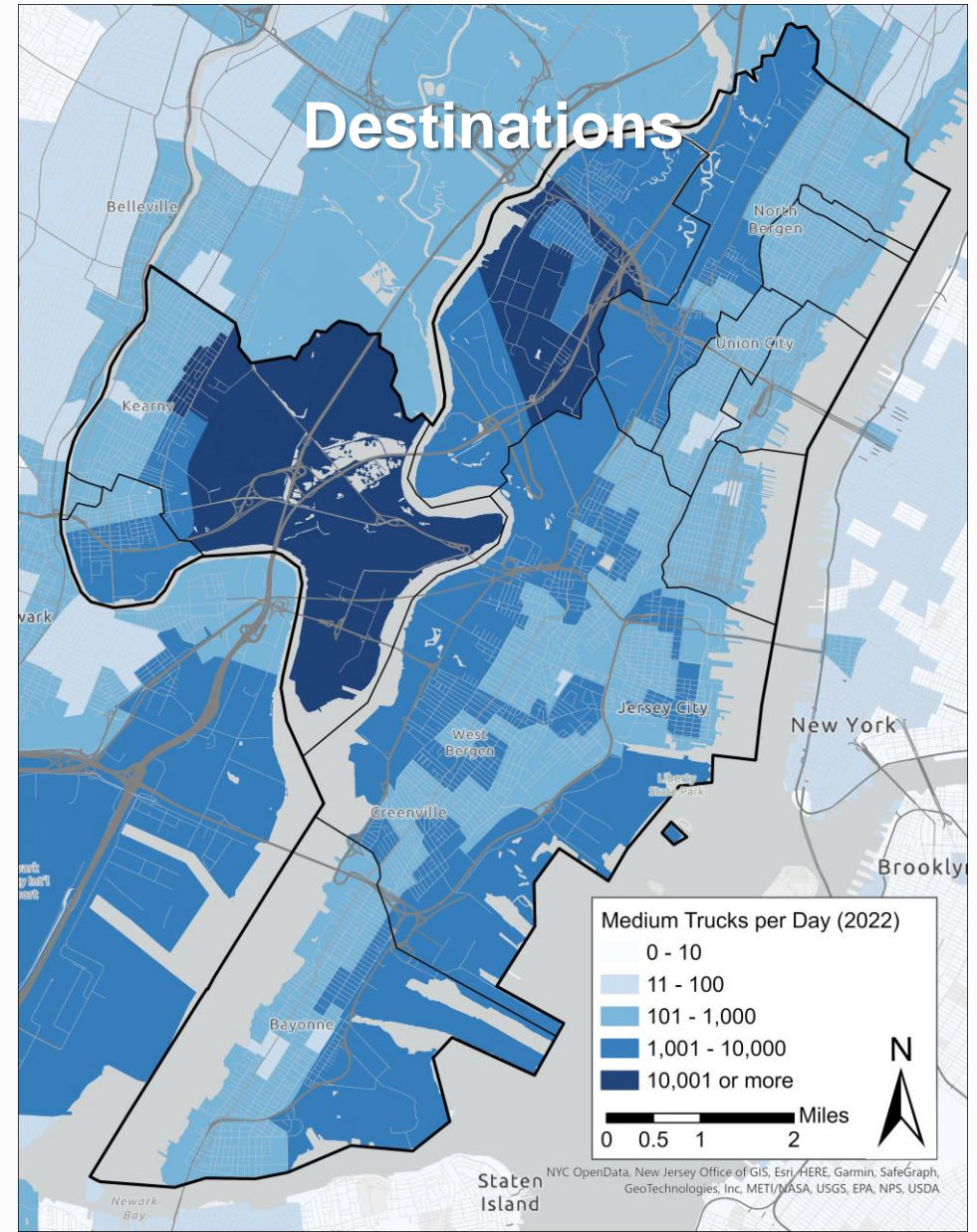
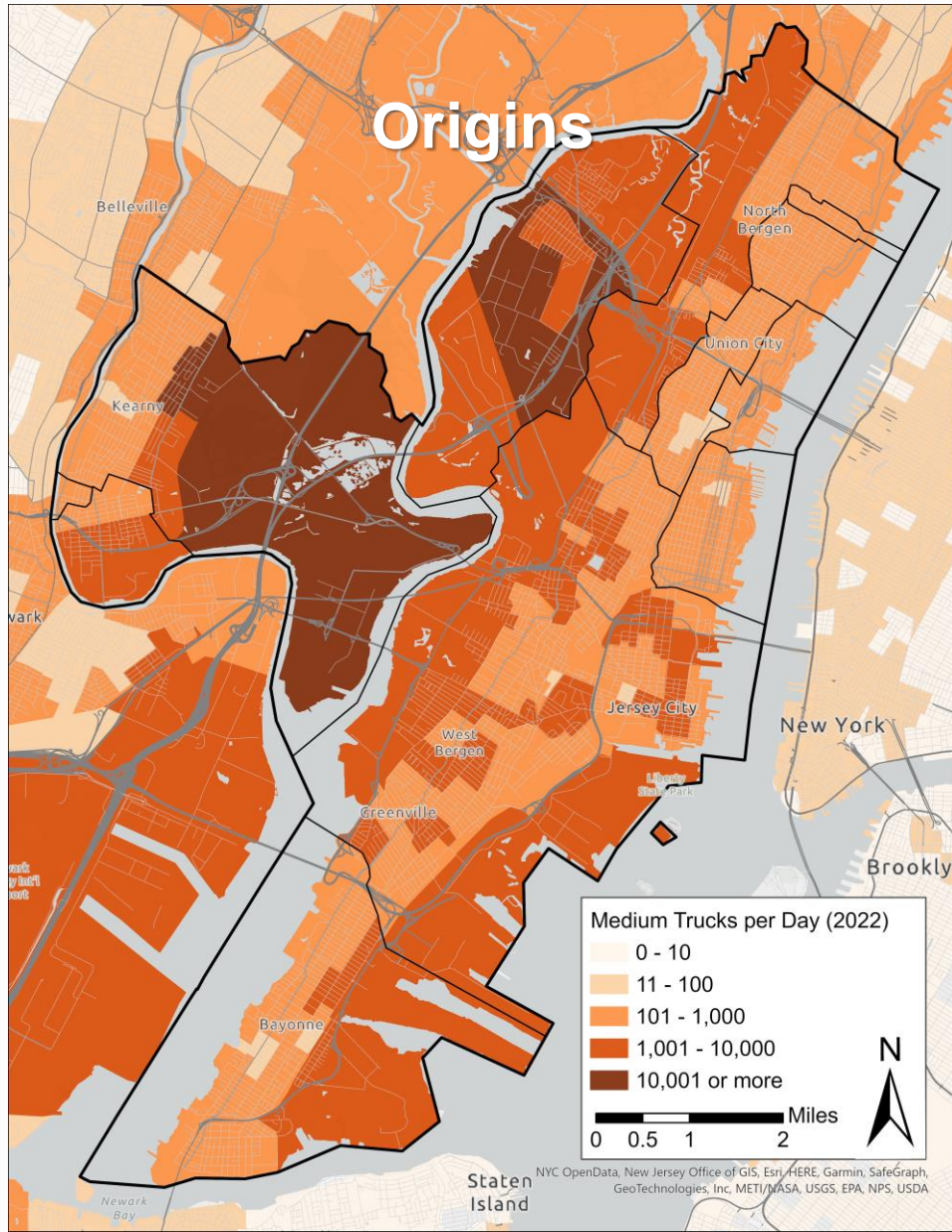


Heavy Truck Trip Patterns

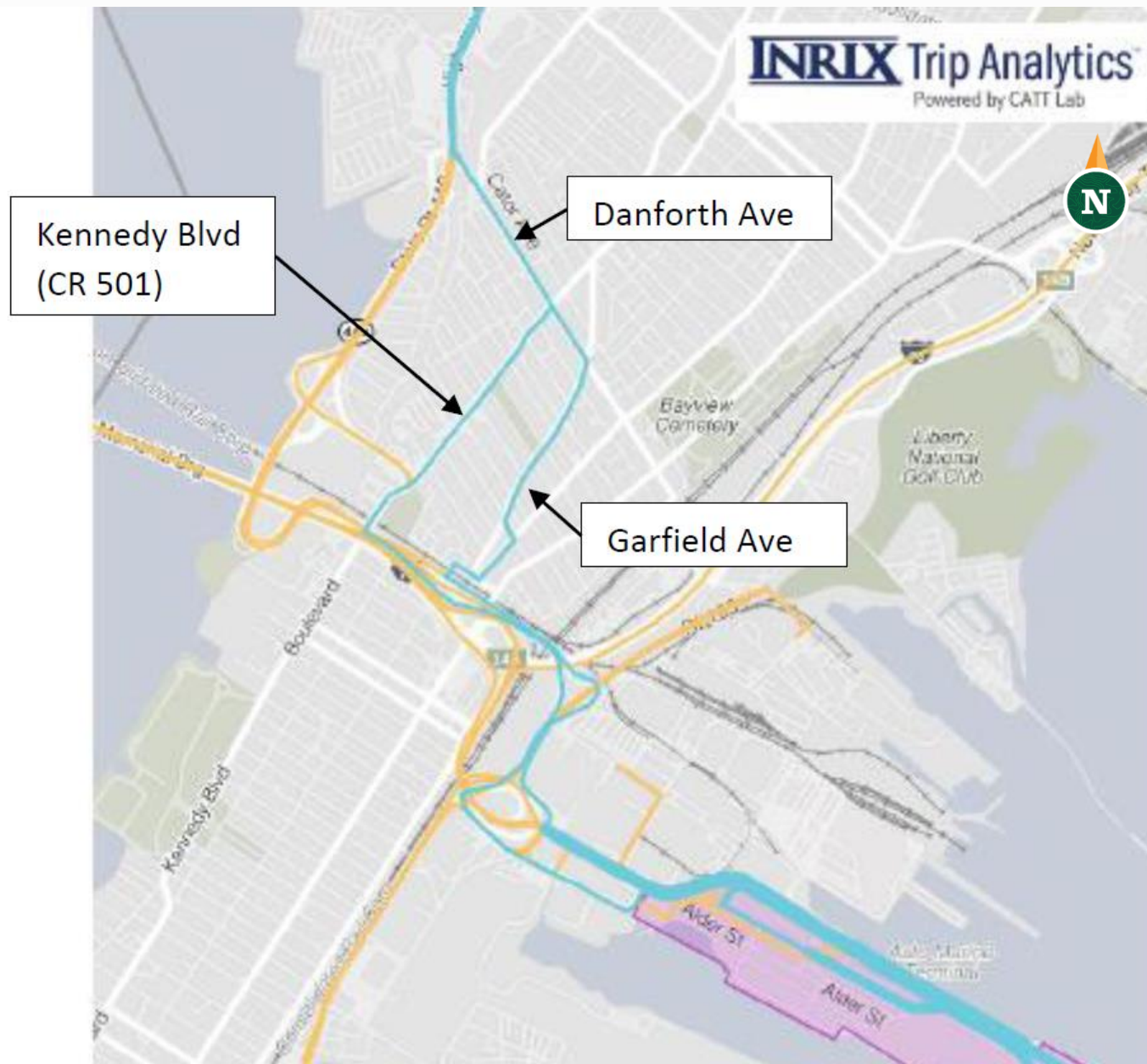




Medium Truck Trip Patterns



Cut-Through Truck Traffic



Legend

 Cut-through truck routes to/from GCT









 Truck routes to/from GCT

(GTC: Global Container Terminals, Bayonne)



Place Types

	Effectiveness
High	
Medium	
Low	

	Commercial	Commercial (Mixed Use)	Residential	Industrial
 Curb Loading Zone				
 Curb Demand Management				
 Shared Space				
 Off-Hour Delivery				
 Delivery Consolidation				
 Enforcement				
 Outreach				
 Technology and Innovation				

6) Designated Curb Loading Zones

- Quick deliveries or pick-ups
- Can reduce double-parking and congestion
- Loading zone vs parking depends on time of day
- Clear signage and/or designated pavement
- Uses apps and pricing



Commercial/Commercial (Mixed-Use)

Examples

- Harrison Ave and Frank Rodgers Blvd, Harrison
- Paterson Plank Road, Union City
- Kennedy Blvd, Jersey City
- Newark St, Hoboken

Effective Strategies

- Curb loading zones
- Curb demand management
- Shared space
- Enforcement
- Outreach



Examples

- Throughout Hudson County

Effective Strategies

- Improved signage, enforcement
- Low-cost approaches to daylight intersections
- E-Cargo bikes
- Consolidated delivery sites





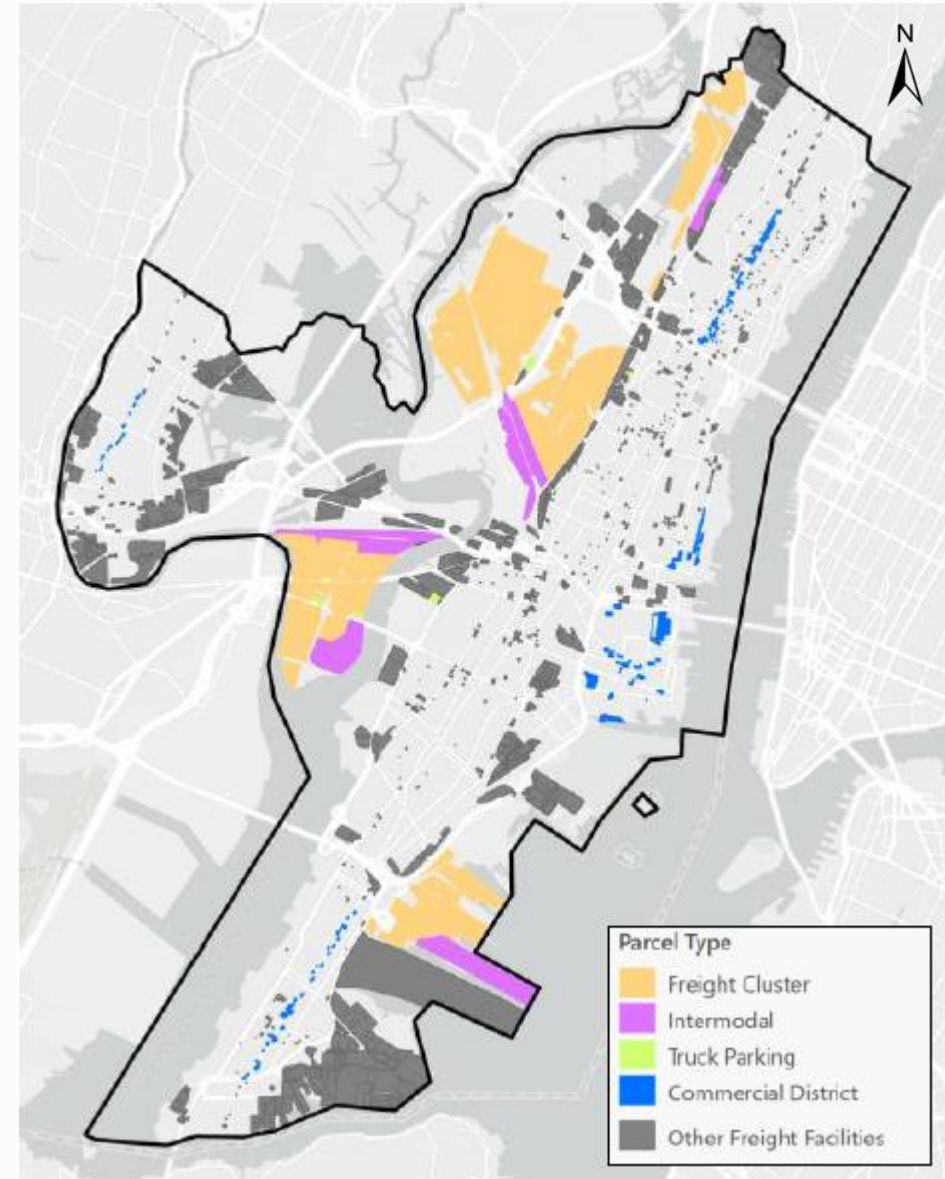
Industrial

Examples

- Intermodal Terminals
- Freight Clusters

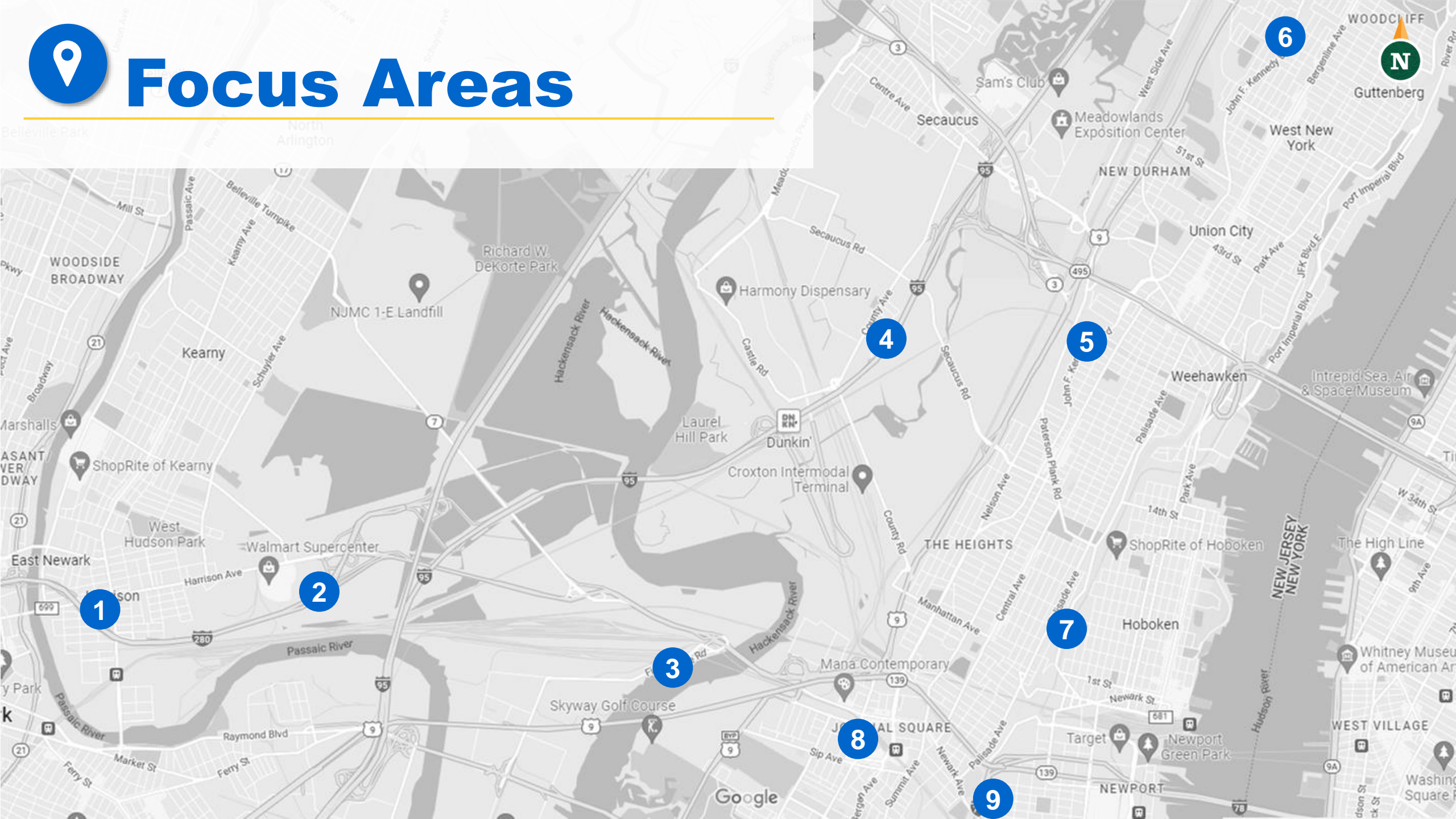
Effective Strategies

- Updated signage and wayfinding
- Geometric changes
- Engagement with other transportation agencies
- Truck parking and rest stops
- Public process for truck route changes
- Emissions, noise and equity





Focus Areas





Focus Area 8 Findings



New Ramp

Construction Vehicles

St. Paul's Ave

Well above average noise, emissions, and equity concerns

Newark Ave

JFK Blvd

High medium truck volumes, congestion and poor pavement

Broadway

Repaved Broadway

- ISSUES**
- Congestion**
 - Pavement**
 - Truck Routes**
 - Equity**
 - Emissions**
 - Noise**

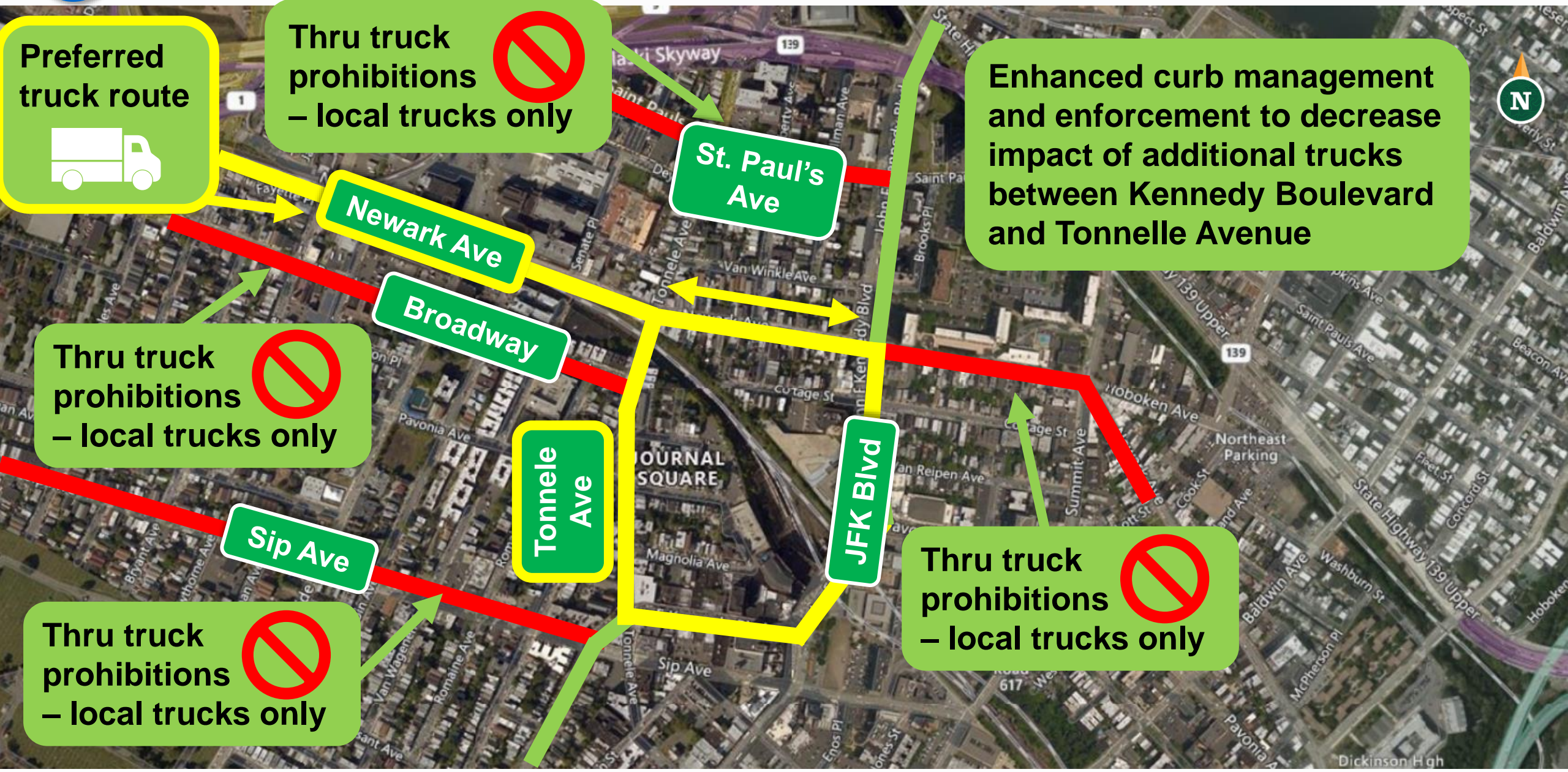
Sip Ave

Commercial Area

Congestion



Focus Area 8 Final Recommendations



Preferred truck route

Thru truck prohibitions – local trucks only

Enhanced curb management and enforcement to decrease impact of additional trucks between Kennedy Boulevard and Tonnelle Avenue

Thru truck prohibitions – local trucks only

Thru truck prohibitions – local trucks only

Thru truck prohibitions – local trucks only

Newark Ave

Broadway

Tonnelle Ave

St. Paul's Ave

JFK Blvd

Sip Ave



Thank You!



Contact

Kevin Force, Project Manager

kforce@hcnj.us



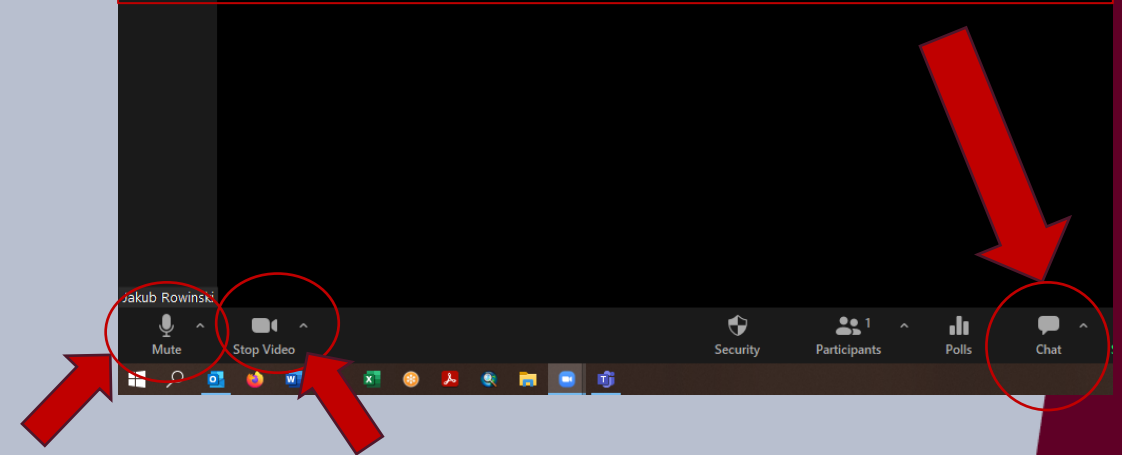
www.hcnj.us/trucking-study



June Freight Initiatives Committee



Please use the Chat box to ask questions during the presentations and if requesting credits, please post your name and email, followed by either AICP or PE with your NJ PE license number

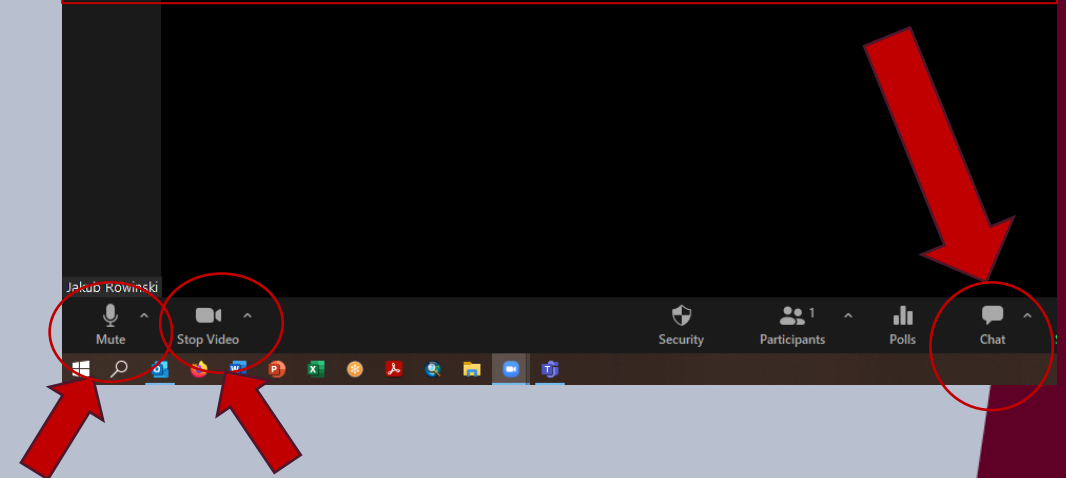


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June 17 Freight Initiatives Committee Agenda

- Roll Call of Members
- Approval of Minutes
- Update on NJTPA Freight Division Activities
- Truck Routing and Curbside Management
- Two-Minute Reports on Freight Activities from Committee Members
- Next Meeting: Monday, August 19, 2024
- Adjournment

Please use the Chat box to ask questions during the presentations and if requesting credits, please post your name and email, followed by either AICP or PE with your NJ PE license number



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